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Dungeness crab fishery. She estimated 10,000 lobster traps, or 10 per

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cent of the total, are lost each year off New England alone.

Poon said some jurisdictions have laws requiring that traps contain biodegradable parts that eventually corrode and release the otherwise doomed crustaceans.

But even this process can take up to two months, resulting in a staggering death toll as marine life continues to funnel into the traps to eat the last victim, only to become victims themselves.

Without biodegradable parts, these traps can continue to kill for many years before they eventually rot away, she said, adding these huge kills are not taken into consideration by fisheries managers when they set annual catch limits.

Poon, a master's student working under the direction of highly acclaimed fisheries scientist Daniel Pauly, urged more jurisdictions to mandate biodegradable trap components and to consider management options that would reduce the chance of recreational boaters accidentally severing the lines of commercial crab traps during fishing openings.

Among recreational fisheries, it is common to catch and release fish such as trout and salmon with a high degree of success. However, the prevailing view among those same anglers is that a deep-dwelling rockfish brought to the surface cannot be released successfully because its swim bladder has been damaged en route to the surface.

Researchers in Florida, however, are finding that is not necessarily the case. A new technique being used with success on certain grouper and bass species allows anglers to vent the bladder and successfully return the fish to the ocean.

It simply requires a tiny incision with a syringe -- but not a knife -- in the body cavity, no more than five centimetres behind the pectoral fins. Care must be taken not to puncture the stomach. Gentle pressure on the fish's abdomen might also be necessary.

"It's a sharp little jab," said John Stevely, an educator with the University of Florida's Sea Grant Extension Program. "Don't skewer the fish."

In some cases, built-up pressure in the fish can force the stomach out the mouth or the intestines out the anus.

Without proper venting, the fish has no chance of survival even if released back to the water. With venting, the chance of success depends on the size of the swim bladder, the level of damage, the skill of the angler, and other damage caused by the hook.

But research shows that a bladder that is not too badly damaged can heal within four days.

Stevely said he sees no reason why the same venting process cannot be applied to rockfish, a category of fish that is subject to increasing conservation concerns on B.C.'s west coast.

"We've already had a number of inquiries from the west coast about rockfish." he said. "This is something the fisherman can do."

Bill Otway, a former sport fishing ombudsman with the federal fisheries department, agreed that anglers are not aware of such venting techniques. He urged Ottawa to get involved, and perhaps provide written

As part of a continuing effort to combat unintended fish mortality, a coalition of fishermen, scientists and conservation groups is offering a global contest with a \$25,000 prize for fishing gear that does the best job of reducing bycatch. Organizations chipping in for the prize include the World Wildlife Fund, the Fisheries Conservation Foundation, the American Fisheries Society and the National Fisheries Institute. Contest details can be found at www. smartgear.org. The WWF estimates one-quarter of the world's annual catch is wasted, the equivalent of 20 billion kilograms of fish annually, including 10 to 20 million juvenile red snapper caught every year by shrimp trawlers in the Gulf of Mexico. The organization also reports 200,000 loggerhead and 50,000 leatherback turtles are caught annually in commercial long-line fisheries. Another 308,000 whales, dolphins and porpoises die annually during entanglement in fishing gear, in addition to untold billions of corals, sponges and other invertebrates. The fisheries congress -- the largest and most prestigious of its kind in the world, held every four years -- continues through Thursday. © The Vancouver Sun 2004 🚔 Print Story 🖂 Send to a Friend Search canada.com About Us Advertise Site Map Privacy Terms FAQ Our Partners Copyright © 2004 CanWest Interactive Inc. All rights reserved. CanWest Interactive Inc. is an affiliate of CanWest Global Communications Corp.

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