# SWEDEN'S FISHERIES CATCHES IN THE BALTIC SEA (1950-2007)<sup>1</sup>

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#### ABSTRACT

A catch data reconstruction for Swedish fisheries in the Baltic Sea, from 1950-2007, was undertaken, which estimated IUU catches, including unreported landings, discards, and recreational catches. These IUU catch estimates were added to a reported data foundation based on the officially reported landings as presented by the International Council for Exploration of the Sea (ICES) on behalf of the Swedish government. The total estimated reconstructed Swedish catch in the Baltic Sea for the 1950-2007 time period was 31% larger than the officially reported landings, and peaked in 1998 at 390,000 t. The total estimated IUU catch consisted of 1.09 million t unreported landings, 0.52 million t discards, and 0.63 million t of recreational catches.

#### INTRODUCTION

Fisheries have a heavy impact on processes within marine ecosystems. The extraction of fish has a direct impact through the removal of biomass, and indirectly affects the ecosystem by altering conditions within the food web (Botsford *et al.*, 1997; Pauly *et al.*, 2000). Thus, in order to foster a better understanding and foundation for ecosystem-based resource management, knowledge of total fisheries removals is important.

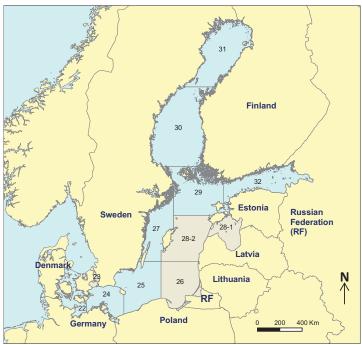
There are several components of fisheries catch that are often not recorded, but affect fish mortality rates. Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated (IUU; Bray, 2000) catches, including discards, unreported landings and recreational catches all contribute to the under-estimation of catches. The *Sea Around Us* Project at the Fisheries Centre, University of British Columbia (www.seaaroundus.org), has developed a method for catch reconstruction which aims to account for IUU catches through estimation approaches (e.g., Zeller *et al.*, 2007; Zeller and Pauly, 2007). Depending on the data and knowledge available, more or less of the estimation has to be based on interpolations between assumption-, and information-based 'anchor points' (Zeller *et al.*, 2006). To justify the uncertainty around such estimates, one has to consider the alternative which usually implies an interpretation of zero catch when no reported data are available (Zeller *et al.* 2006). In statistical terminology the assumption that all IUU components are zero is 'precise' but not 'accurate'. In contrast, a clearly described method developed to fill in knowledge gaps using anchor points, and assumption-based approaches can be used to construct a conservative estimate of such IUU components, which is more 'accurate' (i.e., closer to the true value), although possibly less statistically 'precise', than zero.

In the Baltic Sea, the annual reported landings of cod declined in the beginning of the 1990s after a previous tenfold increase since the 1930s (Thulin and Andrushaitis, 2003). For many years, the European Union (EU) has set quotas higher than the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES) has recommended (Lövin, 2007). ICES recommendations are based on formal stock assessments which endeavor to keep exploited population sizes within safe biological limits. Since 1993, ICES includes an estimate of unallocated catches (here assumed to represent unreported landings), plus discards, to the number they base their recommendation on (ICES, 2007a). The estimates are based on numbers that

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Cite as: Persson, L. (2010) Sweden's fisheries catches in the Baltic Sea (1950 – 2007). pp. 225-263. *In:* Rossing, P., Booth, S. and Zeller, D. (eds.) *Total marine fisheries extractions by country in the Baltic Sea: 1950-present*. Fisheries Centre Research Reports 18 (1). Fisheries Centre, University of British Columbia, Canada [ISSN 1198-6727].

stock assessment working group members from the different countries present in the stock assessment working group for their countries' unallocated catches (Y. Walther, pers. comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries; H. Degel, pers. comm., DTU Aqua). The numbers are presented in the stock assessment working group reports as a total for the stock in the Baltic Sea so that a particular country's contribution (or lack of data) cannot be identified (ICES, 2008a). For example, due to current lack of hard data, Sweden decided not to report any unallocated catches to the working group (Y. Walther, pers. comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries). Therefore, the total unallocated catches reported in tables in the working group reports do not contain Swedish unallocated catches. Hence, when the modeling of the stock is done to prepare material for stock assessments, Sweden's unreported catches are modeled as zero (Y. Walther, pers. comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries).

striving for sustainable management, it should be obvious to base recommendations on numbers of all fish that are removed from the population each year. It does not matter if the fish are reported or not, it will still be dead, and not be part of the population and ecosystem from which it came, hence, even an approximate estimate for Swedish unallocated catch is better than zero, as it would be more accurate. The purpose of this study was to contribute to a better understanding of the fish stocks in the Baltic Sea by reconstructing Sweden's total fisheries catches from 1950-2007. It is hoped that this work will improve management's attempts to set sustainable catch levels, and it also aims to highlight importance unaccounted of components of the total catch. The catch reconstruction considers estimates conservatively unreported landings, as well as discards recreational catches, and starts at 1950 to avoid faulty interpretations of the results due to natural fluctuations, as well as to provide a more comprehensive historic



**Figure 1**. Map of the Baltic Sea with ICES subdivisions and surrounding countries. Sweden's coastline borders ICES subdivisions 23-25, 27 and 29-31.

baseline understanding with respect to present and future impacts and uses. Officially reported landings data, here taken as the publicly available ICES catch data by species, area and year (ICES, 2009), and referred to as 'ICES landings statistics', were adjusted with Swedish national landings data, and ICES stock assessment working group reports, to create the best estimate of commercial landings. The estimated commercial landings, referred to as 'ICES landings statistics + adjustments' formed the reported data foundation to which estimated unreported landings, discards, and recreational catches were added to reconstruct estimates of Sweden's total catch from 1950 to 2007. A key point of the approached used here was that if information on unreported landings, discards, or recreational catch was not available, conservative estimates were made throughout the time period considered here for all of Sweden. The commonly used reason for not doing so, i.e., the unavailability of 'hard' data, was not acceptable, as otherwise it would mean the continued assumption of 'zero' catch for this component of the catch.

Swedish fisheries in the Baltic Sea can be described as being commercial and recreational. The commercial fishery is dominated by cod, herring and sprat, whereas the recreational fishery is more diverse. Important in terms of management is that recreational catches of some species are higher than those reported in the commercial fishery.

## Commercial fisheries

The commercial fisheries mainly target cod, herring, and sprat (ICES, 2007a). During the 1970s and early 1980s, the conflict between countries about fishing rights in the North Sea, and the declaration of Exclusive Economical Zones (EEZ) in 1982, made it hard for Swedish west coast fishers to continue their

North Sea fishing. As a consequence they increased their fishing in the Baltic Sea (Anon., 2005a; Lövin, 2007). This happened when herring stocks appeared high, the cod was about to reach a peak biomass, and the government subsidized fisheries (Anon., 2005a; Lövin, 2007). Together, these circumstances created the foundation for a buildup of overcapacity in the Swedish fishing fleet in the Baltic Sea (Anon., 2005a; Lövin, 2007), which is an underlying driving force of IUU fishing (Hultkrantz, 1997; Sporrong, 2007).

Sweden covers much of the west side of the Baltic Sea (Figure 1), and has a diverse small-scale fishery along its coast (Gårdmark et al., 2004). The small-scale fishery has often been combined with other employment, such as industrial, agricultural or forestry work (Johansson et al., 2005). In the northern part of Sweden (ICES subdivision 30 and 31; Figure 1), herring has been the most important species for this small-scale fishery, and it was mainly caught with traps and nets (Johansson et al., 2005). In the 1960s, smaller trawlers showed up that fished for herring during the ice free season in the north, and during the winter further south in the Baltic (Johansson et al., 2005). Salmon (Salmo salar), sea trout (Salmo trutta), whitefish (Coregonus lavaretus), and vendace (Coregonus albula), as well as some freshwater/brackish species such as northern pike (Esox lucius) and European perch (Perca fluviatilis) are other targeted species (Johansson et. al., 2005). In ICES subdivision 31 (Figure 1), fishing for vendace roe with pair trawlers has been an important commercial fishing activity (Johansson et al., 2005). Along the southern east coast of Sweden, i.e., ICES subdivision 27 and northern part of 25 (Figure 1), the small-scale fishery target herring, whitefish, pike, perch, salmon, eel (Anguilla anguilla), and some marine species, such as flounder (*Platichthys flesus*) and cod (Anon. 2005a). In the southern part of ICES subdivision 25 and in 23 (Figure 1), cod is by far the most important species for the small-scale fishery and it is mainly caught with gillnets. The decline in landings of cod in the 1990s did not change the importance of cod, as this was offset by increased price (Anon., 2002). Other targeted species are herring, sprat, salmon, and eel (Anon., 2002).

Between 1945 and 1970, the number of commercial fishers decreased from 16,000 to 5,200 (Anon., 1978), due to manpower requirements for national industrialization and increased effectiveness of fisheries enforced by decreased profitability (Johansson *et al.*, 2005). The decrease has continued and today 1,880 people are registered as commercial fishers in Sweden. In reality, there are more people involved in fishing operations since only the fishing boat's skipper has to be registered.

## Recreational fishing (non commercial fishing)

The waters along the Swedish coast are either private or public. The waters out to 300 m from shore are private, and so are waters in bays and inside straits that are less than 600 m wide (Bruckmeier and Höj Larsen, 2008). However, north of Stockholm these inshore waters' fishing rights have been public since the 1950s due to governmental ownership. In public waters, every Swedish citizen is allowed to fish with hand gear and a restricted number of other gears, such as traps and gillnets (Anon., 1993). In private waters the basic right to fish belongs to the property owner. However, other people can fish with hand gear and in some areas also with other gears (Anon., 2007a). There are some exceptions, for example, fishing for salmon with gears other than hand gear is only allowed for property owners north of Stockholm even though the fishing rights are public (Anon., 2007a), and since 2007 a special license is required to fish for eel. Recreational fishing includes household consumption fishing, as well as sport fishing that is done entirely for recreational purposes. Between 1947 and 1975, a tenfold increase of recreational fishers occurred, from 200,000 to 2 million (Anon., 1978), and one reason for the rise was an increase in leisure time (A. Paulrud, pers. comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries). The number of recreational fishers is believed to have staved about the same until the 1990s (Nilsson, 1991), when it increased throughout the 1990s (Norström et al., 2000). Subsequently, however, a decline has been documented, and in 2006 the number of recreational fishers was estimated at 1 million (Anon., 2007a).

The aim of the present study is to present a reconstruction of likely total catches by Swedish fishers in the Baltic Sea from 1950-2007, including estimates of all types of IUU, such as unreported landings, discards and recreational catches.

#### **METHODS**

Collection of Swedish fishery statistics started early with annual statistics available since 1913 (Lundgren 2007). Swedish fisheries data are presented as catch (live weight) and landings (dressed weight) in tonnes. Here, Swedish catch data are defined as 'landings' to differentiate it from 'catch', which in this study refers to all catches taken from the Baltic Sea, i.e., including unreported landings, discards, and recreational

catches. The focus of the Swedish statistics is the revenue from the commercial fishery, and the reported data are based on information from first hand purchasers, the registered homeport of vessels, and fisher's logbooks. The data are thought to be reliable, although not all landed fish have to be reported (e.g., quantities <50 kg have no reporting requirements), and some unreported trade is known to occur (Lundgren, 2007).

However, since the focus of Swedish statistics is on commercial fisheries revenue, the landings data lack substantial components which constrain the estimations of total catches taken from the Baltic Sea. The estimates of unreported landings, discards, and recreational catches are all components that are missing in the official statistics. The reconstruction method used consists of a five step approach. First, the officially reported ICES catch data, here referred to as 'ICES landings statistics', were examined. ICES landings statistics are here defined as representing the officially reported data, as this data source is the only publicly available data set, covers all taxa landed, all countries, all years and all areas of the Baltic Sea back to 1950. Thus, all subsequent steps of reconstruction are deemed to comprise Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated (IUU) data. Four IUU components were considered: a) 'adjustments' to reported landings data with landings data from other reliable and accurate sources, such as ICES stock assessment working group data and national data sets; b) 'unreported' landings data; c) 'discards' and d) 'recreational' marine catches. To derive estimated time series of the unaccounted IUU components, linear interpolations were done between assumption- and information-based 'anchor points'.

## ICES landings statistics

The term 'ICES landings statistics' is used throughout to refer to ICES catch data by taxon, statistical reporting area and year (ICES, 2009). These data were considered to represent the officially reported data.

## *Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated (IUU) catches*

## Adjustments to reported landings

ICES landings statistics were adjusted for some years with data obtained from ICES stock assessment working group reports for cod (ICES, 2008a), flounder (ICES, 2008a), herring and sprat (ICES, 2008a), and by Swedish national landings data (e.g., Anon., 1952; Anon., 1984; Anon., 2003b) for other minor species (Table 1). ICES landings statistics + adjustments are therefore the reported data foundation on which unreported landings, discard and recreational estimates were built.

ICES stock assessment working group data (ICES, 2008a) were used to adjust ICES landings statistics; for cod in 1965-1975, because of missing catches taken in the Baltic Sea by vessels from the west coast (Table 2; ICES, 1974), for herring and sprat in 1990-2007, due to misreporting of area and species (B. Sjöstrand pers. comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries), and for flounder 1990-1999 due to misreported catches from the cod fishery (ICES 2008a).

ICES landings statistics for salmon were generally identical to Swedish national data; however, from 1999-2003 they were about 100 t lower than the Swedish national data. Hence, Swedish national data replaced ICES landings statistics for the entire time period, except 1978 when Swedish national data are incomplete. Due to missing data in ICES landings statistics for sea trout, ICES landings statistics were replaced by Swedish national data for the entire time period, except 1978. For some species, ICES landings statistics were missing from 1950-1969 (1976 for common dab [Limanda limanda]) and therefore adjusted by Swedish national data for that period. Swedish national data for flounder were deemed more reliable 1970-1972 and therefore replaced ICES landings statistics for those years. The data for sprat varied substantially in the earlier period, which was thought to be partly explained by sprat being reported as 'industrial fish' in the Swedish national data. Therefore, half of the catches reported as 'industrial fish' were treated as sprat for certain years, and for those years Swedish national data were used to adjust ICES landings statistics (Table 1). The adjustments made with Swedish national data where ICES landings statistics were missing, have been subtracted from the categories 'Finfishes nei' (Miscellaneous marine fishes), 'Flatfishes nei' (Pleuronectiformes), and 'Freshwater fishes nei' (Miscellaneous freshwater fishes), in ICES landings statistics to avoid potential double accounting.

It would have been preferable to have one source of official landings data to form a baseline, but due to incomplete, odd, or missing data in the ICES landings statistics, the various additional sources listed above were used to adjust ICES landings statistics to get a more comprehensive baseline of reported

commercial landings data (Table 1). An optimal source for commercial landings data should have been the data from the ICES stock assessment working group reports (although only for species with stock assessments) that are known to attempt adjustment of reported landings data based on additional information. However, data as presented in these working group reports lack transparency with regards to country-specific accounting of each catch component (e.g., landings, unallocated, discards, recreational). This lack of country-specific transparency makes the use of stock assessment report data very difficult when focusing on country- rather than stock-specific catches.

## **Unreported landings**

Unreported landings are thought to be the largest component of IUU catches in the Baltic Sea (Sporrong, 2007), especially if illegal is defined as pertaining to 'without permission' rather than quota violations. Information on unreported landings was obtained through interviews and literature (including literature and media reports). While some anchor points could be found starting in the late 1980s (Table 2), no information could be found for the pre-1980 period. Thus, a few assumptions were made to create anchor points for 1950 and 1980 so that linear interpolations could be done. In 1950, there were fewer incentives to underreport landings due to a lack of quota limitations (Eero et al., 2007), however, there was also less enforcement for reporting landings (Anon. pers. comm., Swedish Board Fisheries). Therefore, the unreported landings for all species (except salmon, see below) in 1950 were assumed to be 5% of reported landings, which is thought to be conservative. To reflect the introduction of quotas, and the associated stronger incentives for underreporting, starting in the 1970s (Søndergaard, 2007), 1980 was used as a break point. Thus, for 1980, half of the value for the first post-1980 data anchor point was applied. This rule was applied to all species, except salmon (see below), even though not all have quotas. For species without any information on unreported landings, estimated percentage was derived from anchor point data for cod in 1987, and herring and sprat in 1993 (see paragraph 'other species' for details). Percentage rates were interpolated between anchor points (Table 2), and applied to ICES landings statistics + adjustments to derive a complete time series of estimated unreported landings.

*Cod*: Based on information on reported and unreported landings of cod in the harbor of Härnösand in 1987 (P.-O. Larsson, pers. comm.,

**Table 1.** Species specific adjustments to ICES landings statistics by year.

| statistics by     | jeur.   | ICES stock         |  |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|--|
| Common name       | ICES landings   | assessment reports | Swedish<br>data <sup>a</sup>                       |
| Cod               | 1950-1964,<br>1976-2007   | 1965-1975          | -  |
| Herring<br>Salmon | 1950-1989<br>1978   | 1990-2007<br>-     | -<br>1950-1977,<br>1979-2007                       |
| Burbot            | 1970,<br>1979-2007  | -                  | 1950-1969  |
| Dab               | 1950-1975 <sup>b</sup> ,<br>1977-2007                             | -                  | 1976   |
| Flounder          | 1950-1969 <sup>b</sup> ,<br>1973-1989                             | 1990-1999          | 1970-1972  |
| Perch             | 1970,<br>1974-1975,<br>1979-2007                                  | -                  | 1950-1969  |
| Sprat             | 1950-1955,<br>1964-1968,<br>1973-1974,<br>1978-1986,<br>1988-1989 | 1990-2007          | 1956-1963°,<br>1969-1972°,<br>1975-<br>1977°, 1987 |
| Whitefish         | 1970-1972 <sup>d</sup> ,<br>1974-2007 <sup>d</sup>                | -                  | 1950-1969  |
| Pike              | 1970,<br>1974-1975,<br>1979-2007                                  | -                  | 1950-1969  |
| Sea trout         | 1978  | -                  | 1950-1977,<br>1979-2007                            |
| Turbot            | 1950-1961,<br>1970-2007   | -                  | 1962-1969  |
| Vendace           | 1970-1972,<br>1974-2007   | -                  | 1950-1969  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> data from yearbooks of Swedish fisheries statistics 1950-1993, e.g., Anon. (1952). For 1999 onwards, data are available at www.fiskeriverket.se. <sup>b</sup> taxonomic mislabeling between common dab and European flounder 1956-1959, and 1972. <sup>c</sup> half of the non-species-specific industrial fishmeal catch for that year was added to the sprat catch. <sup>d</sup> European whitefish and 'whitefish nei' combined.

Swedish Board of Fisheries, retired), a conservative anchor point for unreported landings was calculated for 1987 (Table 2) based on the assumption that there were no other unreported landings in Sweden that year (see next paragraph for details). Anchor points for 1950 and 1980 were derived according to the assumptions described above. In recent years three different sources (Anon., 2004a; 2007c; 2008b) were combined to derive an average percentage used as anchor points for 2006 and 2007 (Table 2; see next

paragraph for details). A linear interpolation was done between anchor points (Table 2) to derive a complete time series of estimated unreported cod landings.

The Swedish reported landings of cod in the harbor of Härnösand were 10,000 t in 1987. Based on observations and on other information, the total landings of cod by Swedish (85%) and Finnish (15%) fishers in that harbor that year was however estimated to be 30,000–40,000 t (P.-O. Larsson, pers.

**Table 2.** Unreported landings anchor points (% of reported landings). Dashes (-) indicate interpolated or expanded values.

| Year         Cod         Herring & sprat         Salmona         Eel         Vendace         Oth           1950         5.0b         5.0b         -         5.0b         6.0b         6.0b | ) <sub>p</sub>           |
|---|--------------------------|
| 1950 5.0 <sup>b</sup> 5.0 <sup>b</sup> - 5.0 <sup>b</sup> 5.0 <sup>c</sup> 5.0 <sup>c</sup> 1951-1979   | -                        |
| 1951-1979 1980 15.5 <sup>b</sup> 12.5 <sup>b</sup> 6.7 <sup>c</sup> 9.9 <sup>b</sup> 10.0 <sup>b</sup> 6.8  | -                        |
|   | 3 <sup>b</sup><br>-<br>- |
| 1981 9.1  | -<br>-                   |
|   | -                        |
| 1982 5.4  |                          |
| 1983 5.6 -  | -                        |
| 1984 5.6  | -                        |
| 1985 4.8  | -                        |
| 1986 5.7  | -                        |
| 1987 31.0 - 5.3   | -                        |
| 1988 6.3  | -                        |
| 1989 6.6  | -                        |
| 1990 6.8 13.  | .5                       |
| 1991 7.1  | -                        |
| 1992 6.9  | -                        |
| 1993 - 25.0 7.1   | -                        |
| 1994 7.2  | -                        |
| 1995 7.8  | -                        |
| 1996 7.8  | -                        |
| 1997 8.0  | -                        |
| 1998 9.0  | -                        |
| 1999 9.4  | -                        |
| 2000 8.9  | -                        |
| 2001 8.8  | -                        |
| 2002 9.8  | -                        |
| 2003 - 13.0 9.6   | -                        |
| 2004 7.8  | -                        |
| 2005 - 10.0 8.7 - 20.0  | -                        |
| 2006 13.1 - 8.5 19.8 -  | -                        |
| 2007 13.1 - 9.4 15.0 - 6.   | .8                       |

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm a}$  based on ICES stock assessment working group report (Table 2.1.1 in Anon., 2008c).  $^{\rm b}$  assumption based anchor points, see text.  $^{\rm c}$  average of the three first years of data, based on general assumptions.

comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries, retired). To remain conservative, the lower value (30,000 t) was used to estimate unreported landings in 1987. First the Finnish part of the catch was extracted (30,000 - [30,000 x 0.15] = 25,500). Secondly, the reported landings were extracted (25,500 -10,000 = 15,500 t), resulting in a conservative 15,500 t of assumed unreported cod landings in this harbor in 1987. The harbor in Härnösand was deemed different compared to the Swedish harbors in the southern parts of the Baltic Sea, where unreported landings were more difficult to accomplish (P.-O. Larsson, pers. comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries, retired). The unreported Swedish landings (15,500 t) in the harbor of Härnösand accounted for 31% of Sweden's total reported landings (50,186 t) in 1987. Thus, 31% was used as an unreported landings anchor point in 1987 based on the likely very conservative assumption that there were zero unreported landings in all other Swedish harbors in 1987. Half of this value  $(0.5 \times 31\% = 15.5\%)$  was used as an anchor point for 1980, and 5% as an anchor point for 1950 based on the general assumptions explained above (Table 2). In later years, 2004-2007, different estimations three unreported cod landings have been made. In 2003 the unreported landings were at least 10% (Anon., 2004a), in 2005-2006 it was 21.4% (Anon., 2007c), and in 2007 there

were indications that it was 8% (Anon., 2008c). There are reasons to believe that Anon. (2004a; 2008b), being estimates of the Swedish Board of Fisheries (8% and 10%) are minimum estimates, since the Swedish Board of Fisheries (being a government agency) has to base their statements on detected and officially reported records. Thus, it is highly unlikely that someone will report their own cheating to a government agency (Hultkrantz, 1997). However, the European Commission's study (21.4%; Anon., 2007c), has been criticized for its statistical methods (R. Lundgren, pers. comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries). Therefore, the three values were averaged, deriving 13.1% as an anchor point for 2006 and 2007 (Table 2).

Herring and sprat: The trawl fishery for herring and sprat is generally a mixed fishery, the catch often containing both species (ICES, 2008a). Therefore, they have been treated together with the assumption that the fractions of unreported landings are the same for both species. The catch is generally stored in chilled water onboard fishing vessels, resulting in absorption of water into their bodies, resulting in excess

weight. This has been adjusted for through a 'water adjustment factor' permitted by authorities. This factor has decreased over the years due to better knowledge on how much water the fish bodies absorb (L.E., Palmén pers. comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries). Some officials and fishery representatives acknowledge that underreporting of as much as 50% occurs (Anon., 2004a), and this information was used together with the difference in the water adjustment factor to derive anchor points (see next paragraph for details). Anchor points for 1950 and 1980 were based on the general assumptions explained above. A linear interpolation was done between the anchor points (Table 2), to derive a complete time series of unreported landings for herring and sprat.

In 1993, the water adjustment factor that fishers were allowed to subtract from the landings as water was 20%. In 2003 it was reduced to 13% and in 2005 to 5%. Hence, the 'excessive' water adjustment factor (i.e., the difference compared to 5%, which was 15% in 1993-2002, 8% in 2003-2004) has been used to estimate part of the unreported landings. Also, some officials and fishery representatives acknowledge that underreporting of as much as 50% occurs (Anon., 2004a). To stay conservative, this was reduced to 25% and used as an anchor point for 1993 (of which 15% is thought to be due to the 'water adjustment factor'). This was the first anchor point and therefore half of that (0.5 x 25% = 12.5%) was used for the break point in 1980, and 5% was used as an anchor point for 1950 based on the general assumption explained above. In 2003 the water adjustment factor was decreased from 20% to 13%, therefore the unreported landings estimate was also reduced by the same amount (25% - [20 - 13] = 18%) and used as an anchor point. In 2005 the water adjustment factor decreased from 13% to 5%, with a corresponding reduction in the unreported landings estimate (18% - [13 - 5] = 10%) for use as an anchor point in 2005.

Salmon: Information about the so-called 'Midsummer salmon' (i.e., sales that are not reported; Hultkrantz, 1997), and illegal fishing activities during closed salmon run periods (U. Steinbash, pers. comm., Swedish Coast Guard) was obtained, but was not detailed enough for deriving anchor points. Instead, estimated total unreported catches of salmon in the Baltic Sea, including rivers, from 1981 to 2007 from the ICES salmon and trout working group report (Table 2.1.1. in ICES, 2008b) were used. In this source, estimates of recreational catches were included in the Swedish reported landings from 1988 onwards, and could not be distinguished from commercial landings. Therefore, in order to avoid double accounting and remain conservative, Sweden's fraction of the total Baltic Sea catch per year was multiplied by the lower limit of the 95 % probability interval (see Table 2.1.1. in ICES, 2008b) to derive Sweden's unreported landings (see next paragraph for example). The unreported landings were then converted into percentages based on Sweden's reported landings, and used as anchor points between 1981 and 2007 (Table 2). The average of the first three years of data (1981-83) was used as anchor point for 1980 (Table 2), and carried back fixed to 1950 to derive a complete time series.

To more clearly illustrate the approach, for example, in 1990 Sweden's reported landings of salmon (including river catch and estimated recreational catch) was 1,468 t, and the total reported landings for the Baltic Sea was 5,636 t (as reported in Table 2.1.1. in ICES, 2008b). The 95 % Confidence Interval of the estimated unreported landings was 324 t - 2,512 t (Table 2.1.1. in ICES, 2008b). Therefore, Sweden's fraction of the total landings (1,468 t / 5,636 t = 0.26) was multiplied with the lower 95% Confidence Interval value (0.26 x 324 t =84.4 t) to derive estimated unreported salmon landings of 84.4 t for Sweden in 1990. Sweden's reported marine landings in 1990 was 1,249 t (ICES landings statistics), and the unreported landings were converted into a percentage (84.4 t / 1,249 t = 6.8%), which was used as an anchor point for unreported marine salmon landings in 1990 (Table 2).

European eel: Eel, being a high value species, is likely to have a larger black market than other species (Hultkrantz 1997), and today about 15% of eel catches are thought to be sold directly to restaurants (Anonymous, pers. comm., Swedish Coast Guard) and are assumed to be unreported. Hence, this was used as an anchor point for 2007. An eel fishing license became mandatory in 2007, and only available to fishers who caught more than 400 kg·year<sup>-1</sup> in 2003-2005 (Sweet and Salt, 2006). After this regulation the reporting of catches improved and in the area of Stockholm the number of licensed fishers reporting their catch increased from 54% to 86% (Anon., 2008a). The improved reporting was assumed to be the same in the rest of the country based on various information (Ask and Westberg, 2006; Anon. 2008d). The percentage change in reporting was applied, and added to the unreported fraction in 2007 to derive an anchor point in 2006 (Table 2). Anchor points for 1950 and 1980 were derived based on the general assumptions described above, and linear interpolation was used to derive a complete time series of unreported eel landings (Table 2).

*Vendace*: Vendace is a pelagic species mainly caught by trawl, and nearly all catches are taken in ICES area 31 (Ask and Westerberg, 2006). In 2008, the Swedish Tax Agency investigated the fishery for vendace and found sales of several tonnes of vendace roe that were never reported (Nordlund, 2008). Hence, a rough estimate of  $^2/_3$  (i.e., 66%) unreported catches of vendace is not unlikely (U. Steinbash, pers. comm., Swedish Coast Guard). To remain conservative, and due to uncertainties about roe to live weight conversions, 20% was used as anchor point for 2005. Based on the general assumptions explained above, 10% and 5% were used for 1980 and 1950, respectively. Linear interpolation was used to get a complete time series of estimated unreported vendace landings (Table 2).

Other species: Due to lack of information for 'other species', an anchor point in 1990 was derived based on the average of the earliest anchor points for cod, herring, and sprat. Since those species are profitable and therefore assumed to have more underreporting (Hultkrantz, 1997), the average rate of underreporting was divided in half (i.e., [[31+25+25]/3]/2=13.5%). Half this rate was assumed for 1980 (i.e., 0.5 x 13.5% = 6.8%), and 5% for 1950 based on the general assumptions explained above. Based on the assumption that unreported landings may have decreased in later years, half of the value for 1990 (0.5 x 13.5% = 6.8%) was used as an anchor point for 2007 (Table 2).

**Table 3.** Discards (%), based on Anon. (2006b).

| Common name                    | 2004<br>discard   |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Brill                          | 38.0 <sup>a</sup> |
| Common dab                     | 33.4              |
| European flounder <sup>b</sup> | 48.0              |
| European plaice                | 34.0              |
| Turbot                         | 38.0 <sup>a</sup> |
| Other species                  | 6.4               |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> average of other flatfishes; <sup>b</sup> not used as anchor point for flounder.

### **Discards**

Several discard based mortalities have been treated separately here: boat-based discard, underwater discard, seal-damaged discard, and ghost-fishing. Swedish sampling of boat-based discarding behavior started in 1995-96, and mainly focused on cod (Anon., 2007b). Therefore, for all taxa, except cod, salmon, flounder, herring, sprat and vendace, boat-based discard data from a Danish study was used (Anon., 2006b; Table 3).

Herring, sprat, and vendace were assumed to only have underwater discards since the pelagic fishery is considered a relatively 'clean' fishery with little unutilized by-catch

(Icelandic Fisheries, 2009). For flounder in 1989, Bagge (1989) was used. However, due to a very small sample size and the sampling restriction to cod trawl fishery, Bagge (1989) was not deemed as reliable as Anon. (2006b) for any other taxa.

Seal populations in the Baltic Sea have increased by approximately 8% per year since 1990 (Karlsson *et al.*, 2007), and this has resulted in an increase in damage to, and loss of catch due to seals. The economical value of the total loss of catches in 1997 and 2004 due to seal damage, was estimated to 22 million and 32.9

**Table 4.** Economic seal-damaged discard loss.

| Year  | Loss (million SEK) |             |             |  |  |  |
|-------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Teal  | Total              | Salmon      | Other       |  |  |  |
|       | TOLAI              | fisheries a | fisheries b |  |  |  |
| 1997  | 22.0               | 14.0        | 8.0         |  |  |  |
| 2004  | 32.9               | 9.5         | 23.4        |  |  |  |
| Ratio | -                  | -           | 0.3 °       |  |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> including sea trout and whitefish; <sup>b</sup> excluding salmon fisheries; <sup>c</sup> The loss in 1997 was only about 30% of the loss in 2004

**Table 5**. Seal-damaged discards (tonnes) in the Baltic Sea.

| Common                 | 2    | 2004 <sup>b</sup>   | 1        | .997ª               |
|------------------------|------|---------------------|----------|---------------------|
| name                   | Loss | Salmon<br>fisheries | Loss     | Salmon<br>fisheries |
| Cod                    | 896  | -                   | 306      | -                   |
| Herring                | 431  | -                   | 147      | -                   |
| Salmon/                |      |                     |          |                     |
| Sea trout <sup>c</sup> | -    | 157                 | -        | 231                 |
| Eel                    | 15   | -                   | 5        | -                   |
| Flounder               | 3    | -                   | 1        | -                   |
| Perch                  | 79   | -                   | 27       | -                   |
| Whitefish              | -    | 83                  | -        | 122                 |
| Turbot                 | 0.1  | -                   | 0.0      | -                   |
| à IIi                  |      |                     | 200E-) ( | C                   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Hemmingsson and Lunneryd (2007). <sup>b</sup> (Anon. 2005c). <sup>c</sup> Separated based on reported landings for each year.

million Swedish Kronor (SEK; Table 4), respectively (Anon., 2005b; Hemmingsson and Lunneryd, 2007). In 1997 the loss in salmon fishery, targeting salmon, sea trout, and whitefish, was estimated to 14 million Swedish Kronor.

The 2004 data were used to estimate seal-damaged discarding for that year as follows: the economic loss in 2004 was converted into weight by using the price per kilo given in the report together with the monetary loss for each of the reported species (Table 5). To derive a discard percentage, the loss in weight was divided by the nationally reported landings for those species (see next paragraph for example).

Salmon and trout were reported together and therefore the same discard percentage was applied to both. The derived percentage for each species was used as an anchor point in 2004 (Table 5).

For example, the economic loss due to seal damage to catches of perch (1.7 million SEK) was converted into weight by using the price (20 SEK/kg). The total Swedish loss of perch was thus estimated as 85 t, of which 7.6% was from fishing on the west coast which is not a part of the Baltic Sea considered here. The loss in the Baltic Sea (85 t - [85 t x 0.076] = 78.5 t) was divided by the reported landings of perch from the Baltic Sea (105 t) to derive the seal-damaged discard percentage (78.5 t / 105 t = 74.8%) which was used as an anchor point for perch in 2004. The estimated total loss (22 million SEK), and the estimated loss in the

salmon fishery, (14 million SEK), were available from 1997 (Table 4). Due to lack of detailed information on species composition and prices in 1997, the fractions of species and the prices from 2004 were used to estimate seal-damaged discarding in 1997 as follows: the fraction of whitefish in the salmon fishery, and the prices for salmon/trout and whitefish, from 2004, were used to convert the economic loss (14 million SEK) to loss in weight of whitefish and salmon/trout in 1997. The loss in salmon fishery for both years was then excluded from the total loss for the respective year, and the remaining loss in 1997 was divided by the remaining loss in 2004 deriving a change over time in percentage (Table 4). Based on the fraction and the already calculated values for 2004, a loss in tonnage could be derived for 1997 (Table 5).

The weight was then converted to a percentage as explained above. To remain conservative, it was assumed that seal damage prior to 1980 was minimal, and was therefore set to zero. Linear interpolations were done between the three anchor points (1980, 1997, and 2004), and the percentage anchor point in 2004 was carried forward to 2007.

Underwater discards account for fish that die after escaping deployed, actively fishing gear. The underwater discard rate for the herring trawl fishery was estimated at 8.85% (Rahikainen et al., 2004). Sprat is likely to have a very similar if not higher underwater discard rate (M. Rahikainen, pers. comm., FGFRI). To remain conservative, an underwater discard rate of 5% was applied to the estimated total landings (ICES landings statistics + adjustments + unreported landings) by trawl for the two species. For vendace, a more conservative underwater discard rate of 2.5% was applied due to lack of other information.

Fishing gear that is lost during fishing operations and continues to catch fish contributes to ghost-fishing. Brown *et al.* (2005) estimated a ghost-fishing catch of cod of 0.1-3.2% of landings, based on gear-retrieval

**Table 6.** Boat-based discards (%), based on individual sources, and also seal-damaged discards for salmon. Dashes (-) indicate interpolated rate.

|           |           |                   | Salmor           | discards |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------|------------------|----------|
| Year      | Cod       | Flounder          | Boat-            | Seal-    |
|           |           |                   | based            | damaged  |
| 1950      | а         | b                 | С                | 0.0      |
| 1951-1979 | a         | b                 | С                | 0.0      |
| 1980      | a         | b                 | 9.0 <sup>c</sup> | 0.0      |
| 1981      | а         | b                 | 12.2             | -        |
| 1982      | а         | b                 | 7.2              | -        |
| 1983      | а         | b                 | 7.6              | -        |
| 1984      | a         | b                 | 7.4 <sup>d</sup> | -        |
| 1985      | a         | b                 | 6.8              | -        |
| 1986      | a         | b                 | 7.7              | -        |
| 1987      | a         | b                 | 7.5              | -        |
| 1988      | a         | 83.2              | 8.1              | -        |
| 1989      | a         | -                 | 8.7              | -        |
| 1990      | a         | -                 | 10.0             | -        |
| 1991      | a         | -                 | 9.8              | -        |
| 1992      | a         | -                 | 9.6              | -        |
| 1993      | a         | -                 | 10.2             | -        |
| 1994      | a         | -                 | 9.4              | -        |
| 1995      | a         | 127.7             | 10.6             | -        |
| 1996      | $9.1^{a}$ | 56.9 <sup>e</sup> | 11.0             | -        |
| 1997      | 4.7       | 66.4 <sup>e</sup> | 10.7             | 30.5     |
| 1998      | 15.6      | 146.7             | 11.5             | -        |
| 1999      | -         | -                 | 12.6             | -        |
| 2000      | 7.1       | -                 | 7.6              | -        |
| 2001      | 5.9       | -                 | 12.1             | -        |
| 2002      | 5.9       | -                 | 14.4             | -        |
| 2003      | 8.0       | -                 | 14.0             | -        |
| 2004      | 4.5       | 184.9             | 11.8             | 22.1     |
| 2005      | 10.5      | 417.9             | 12.2             | i        |
| 2006      | 14.7      | g                 | 14.0             | i        |
| 2007      | f         | g                 | h                | i        |

a average rate for 1997, 1998 and 2000 carried back to 1950.
 b 1988 rate carried back to 1950.
 c average rate for 1980-1982 carried back to 1950.
 d break point when seal-damaged discards replaces boat-based discards.
 assumption based rate (see text),
 f average 2004-2006 rate carried forward.
 2004 rate.
 2006 rate.

rates by trawlers. Based on the assumption that the ghost-fishing behavior of lost gear is the same for all other species, except the pelagic species herring, sprat, and vendace, an average of 1.65% was applied as ghost-fishing catch rate to estimated total landings (ICES landings statistics + adjustments + unreported landings) of all species.

Cod: Swedish sampling data for boat-based discards for 1997, 1998 (ICES, 2001) and 2000-2006 (Anon., 2007b) were available. The study by ICES (2001) was deemed incompletely sampled and lacked mean

weight data. Missing data were complemented with averages from sampled periods from the same study. The discard rate for 1999 was derived by interpolation between 1998 and 2000 anchor points. Discards of cod between 2000 and 2006 were reported as a percentage of landings in the cod trawl fishery, for 2006 also gillnet fishery discard rate (0.02%) was reported (Anon., 2007b). The same rate was applied to the gillnet catch for the other years, 2000-2006. The proportion of the total catch caught by the different gears (51% - 72% trawl, and 23% - 48%gillnet), was used to find the weight of the total discards per year. The total boat-based discards were then divided by the total reported landings to derive anchor points as a percentage from 2000-2006 (Table 5). The boat-based discards varied between 4.5% and 15.6%, and were deemed conservative. The average of the first three years of data was used as an anchor point in 1996 and carried back to 1950 (Table 6). This implies that the discard pattern is assumed to have been the same since 1950 which is unlikely due to the development of more selective gear types, changes in market demands and fishing behavior etc. However, since it is known that discards occurred in earlier years (Eero et al., 2007), and that the estimated discards in recent years (Table 6) are likely minimum values, this problem has been ignored. For 2007 an average of the three last years of data was used. Seal-damaged discards and ghost-fishing catches were added to the boat based discards for cod.

Herring and Sprat: Underwater discards of herring in the trawl fishery in subdivision 30 were estimated to be 8.85% (Rahikainen, et al. 2004). To remain conservative, discarding of 5% was applied to that part of herring and sprat catches that were caught by trawl (Table 7). The ratio of trawl versus other gear types for herring was interpolated between anchor points. The weight of underwater discards was then divided by reported landings to derive a percent underwater discard per year, which thereafter was applied to the estimated total landings (ICES landings statistics + adjustments + unreported landings).

Salmon: As no Swedish data were available, the ICES salmon and trout working group report (ICES, 2008b) was used (Table 6). Swedish discards were derived the same way as Swedish unreported landings. For example, for 1990 Sweden's reported landings of salmon (including river catch and estimated recreational catch) was 1,468 t, and the total reported catch for the Baltic Sea was 5,636 t. The 95% Confidence Interval was 481 t - 1,245 t (ICES, 2008b). Thus, applying the assumptions outlined above for unreported landings, Sweden's fraction of the total catch (1,468 t / 5,636 t = 0.26) was multiplied with the lower 95% CI value for discards (0.26 x 481 t =125 t), to derive an estimate for salmon discards in 1990. The discards were then converted into percentages based on reported marine landings, and the average of the first three years with data, was used as an anchor point in 1980 and carried back to 1950 (Table 6). However, from 1983, the estimated seal-damaged discards were larger than the calculated discards based on

**Table 7.** Fraction of herring and sprat catch (%), caught by trawl (Anon., 1952; 1984; 2003b)<sup>a</sup>.

<sup>a</sup> as of 1999 available online at Swedish Board of Fisheries, www.fiskeriverket.se. <sup>b</sup> Note: not a continuous time series.

ICES (2008b), hence only seal-damaged discards were used for the rest of the time series.

Flatfishes: Boat-based discarding of flatfishes is common in the bottom trawl fishery for cod (Anon., 2007b). European flounder is the most abundant flatfish in the Baltic Sea, and discarding of this species in the cod fishery is substantial, especially for bottom trawls (Anon., 2001; 2008a). Due to paucity of useful data on discards of flatfishes other than flounder, the boat-based discards percentages from Anon. (2006b) were used as anchor points in 2004 for brill, dab, plaice, turbot, and 'other taxa'. Discards were presented for dab, flounder and plaice and their average discard rate was used for brill and turbot (Table 3). These anchor points were then used, unaltered throughout the entire study period as information on changes in discard patterns over time was unavailable (see Zeller et al., this volume).

Information on discards in Bagge (1989) was used as an anchor point in 1988. This was carried back to 1950 due to lack of information on changes in discards patterns over time. Anchor points for 2004 and 2005 were derived based on estimated discards in ICES area 24 and 25 (Gårdmark *et al.*; 2006), divided by the total Swedish landings of flounder presented in the working group report, hence thought to be conservative. Linear interpolation was used to complete the time series. However, in 1996 and 1997, the reported landings of flounder were higher than usual (378 t in 1995, 1,072 t in 1996, 918 t 1997, and 502 t in 1998), due to a short-term increased demand from Russia (Anon., 2005a). Thus, discarding for these years was assumed to be lower due to the increase in market demand. To derive the discard rate for 1996

and 1997, half of the average discard tonnage for 1995 and 1998 was used and divided by the reported landings for 1996 and 1997. For 2006 and 2007, the very high estimated discard rate in 2005 was not applied, and to remain conservative, the discard for 2004 was used instead (Table 6).

#### Recreational catches

Swedish national studies from 1977, 1990, 1995, 2000, 2005, and 2007, estimating the extent of recreational fishing, were used to derive anchor points for recreational catches (Anon., 1977a,b; Nilsson, 1991; Nilsson, 1995; Norström *et al.*, 2000; Anon., 2005c; Anon., 2007a). These studies were carried out as questionnaires-based surveys to between 5,000 and 11,000 people at a time, and are known to have their own sets of uncertainties and methodological problems. It is recognized that an individual's interest in fishing increases the willingness to answer the questionnaires, and this can lead to overestimation of results if the fraction of the questionnaires that is not answered is not accounted for differently (Anon., 2005c; Bratt and Jansson, 2007). The 1977 study focused on possession of different gear and fishing effort rather than catch, which was addressed by Anon. (1977b), and is considered to be reliable due to the large sample size (11,000 participants), and a 93% participation rate (Anon., 1977a; A. Paulrud, pers. comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries). Among the 1990-2007 studies, the 2007 study is thought to be most reliable because it adjusts for the variation in willingness to participate based on personal fishing interest (Anon., 2007a). The 2005 study (Anon., 2005c) has been similarly adjusted (A. Paulrud, pers. comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries), and the resultant adjustment factors were used to improve the other studies (Table 8).

The recreational catches in the studies from 2000 and 2005 (Norström *et al.*, 2000; Anon., 2005c) were reported as the total Swedish marine recreational catches, hence had to be adjusted for west coast catches. These adjustments were based on Anon. (2005c; 2007a), due to their spatial area reporting, which allowed west coast catches to be excluded and adjustments factors to be derived as follows; for cod, flatfishes, sea trout, and 'other species' individual adjustment factors could be calculated. Mackerel, crab, lobster, mussels, and 'other cod fish' were thought to be entirely caught on the west coast (Anon., 1978; Anon., 2007a). For species without individual adjustment factors, a general adjustment factor was based on the fraction of west coast catches reported in Anon. (2005c) excluding above mentioned species and species categories with specific information (Table 8).

After adjustments, the numbers of country-wide recreational fishers from each study as well as for 1947 (200,000 fishers; Anon., 1978), were used in conjunction with Swedish population numbers (Statistics Sweden, 2008) to derive percentage of the total population that were recreational fishers these vears. Linear interpolation between derived percentage rates was done to fill missing years, and

then the percentage

**Table 8.** Swedish recreational catches for 2005 (Anon., 2005d), both the originally reported amounts and the amounts adjusted for willingness to participate based on fishing interest. The difference was used to adjust for overestimation of catches in the studies from 1995 and 2000. The west coast adjustment is based on Anon. (2007b), and was used to exclude west coast catches.

| Camman mama        | Recreation | nal catch (t)     | Adjustment | West coast |
|--------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|
| Common name        | Original   | Original Adjusted |            | adjustment |
| Atlantic cod       | 1,730      | 1,127             | 1.54       | 0.78       |
| Herring            | 3,454      | 2,043             | 1.69       | 0.87       |
| Atlantic mackerel  | 2,851      | 1,313             | 2.17       | 0.00       |
| Atlantic salmon    | 569        | 318               | 1.79       | 0.87       |
| Cyprinids nei      | 380        | 128               | 2.97       | 0.87       |
| Edible crab        | 1,258      | 355               | 3.54       | 0.00       |
| European eel       | 388        | 183               | 2.12       | 0.87       |
| European perch     | 2,360      | 1,346             | 1.75       | 0.87       |
| European whitefish | 911        | 578               | 1.58       | 0.87       |
| Flatfish           | 954        | 621               | 1.54       | 0.81       |
| Lobster            | 228        | 189               | 1.21       | 0.00       |
| Mussels            | 76         | 47                | 1.62       | 0.00       |
| Northern pike      | 2,236      | 1,294             | 1.73       | 0.87       |
| Other cod fish     | 364        | 242               | 1.50       | 0.00       |
| Sea trout          | 729        | 461               | 1.58       | 0.72       |
| Other species      | 896        | 395               | 2.27       | 0.79       |
| Fishers            | 1,800,000  | 1,400,000         | 1.29       | n/a        |
| Fishing days       | 29,000,000 | 22,000,000        | 1.32       | n/a        |

for each year was applied to the total population number to derive a complete time series of number of recreational fishers. For example, the number of fishers in 1975 was 2 million, and given a total Swedish population of 8.2 million, the percentage of recreational fishers was 24.4%.

The above recreational surveys were used to derive effort estimates (number of fishing days per fisher per year), and a recreational catch rate per fisher per day. The number of recreational fishing days in 1975 was 25 million, which implies that the average number of fishing days per fisher in 1975 was 12.5. The recreational catch in 1975 was 13,334 t, which gives a catch rate of 0.00053 t·fisher-1·day-1. The 1975 number of fishing days and catch rate per fisher were carried back fixed to 1950. Thus, the recreational catch per year from 1950-2007 was estimated as the product of estimated number of recreational fishers, their average fishing time in days, and daily catch rate. The species specific catch for each study was used to derive a fraction of total recreational catch per species where it was possible. These fractions were then interpolated and applied to the calculated total recreational catch.

## RESULTS

The present results represent a first attempt at assumption-based reconstruction of total catch time series for Swedish fisheries in the Baltic Sea, from 1950-2007. Presented are data by species for the major species, followed by examination of recreational catch estimates, and total estimates for Sweden. When considering total reconstructed catch in comparison to official reported landings of species, the reconstructed catch has been compared to the official landings data as defined for the present purposes, namely ICES landings statistics. For time series data of each category by species, see Appendix Tables A1-A9. For results presented by IUU components (rather than by species) see Appendix B.

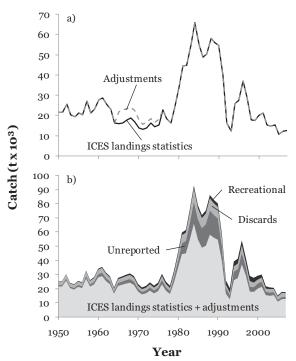
#### Cod

ICES landings statistics for Swedish cod landings decreased from approx. 22,000 t·year-1 during the 1950s to around 17,000 t·year-1 during the 1970s, and thereafter increased substantially to about 51,000 t·year-1 during the 1980s with the all time high reported landings by ICES landings statistics in 1984 of almost 66,000 t (Figure 2a). ICES landings statistics for cod declined rapidly in the early 1990s, and in the last five years averaged about 13,000 t·year-1 (Figure 2a, Appendix Table A2).

ICES landings statistics were adjusted by around 3%, mainly using adjustments from 1965-1975 from ICES stock assessment working group report data (Figure 2a). The adjustments resulted in raising reported landings to around 23,000 t-year-1 during the 1960s and around 18,000 t-year-1 during the 1970s (Figure 2a, Appendix Table A2).

Prior to the 1980s, unreported landings of cod were estimated to be relatively small, averaging around 2,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 2b). From 1980 until the 2000s, estimated unreported landings of between 3,000 and 17,400 t·year<sup>-1</sup> made up a large proportion of unaccounted catches (Figure 2b). In more recent years, unreported landings of cod for Sweden have declined to around 1,900 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 2b; Appendix Table A2).

During the 1950s to 1970s, discards ranged between 1,900 and 3,400 t-year-1 (Figure 2b). During the 1980s discards increased to an average of around 7,100 t-year-1, however, discarding behavior remained stable in relation to landings from 1950-1996 due to conservatively assumed fixed discard rate and thereafter varied year to year. In the last five years, the discards were the largest component of the unaccounted catches, with average discards of 2,500 t-year-1 (Figure 2b).



**Figure 2.** Swedish cod landings in the Baltic Sea: a) ICES landings statistics and adjustments; b) Sweden's reconstructed cod catches in the Baltic Sea.

The recreational catches of cod were relatively low, except possibly during the 1990s when the total estimated decadal recreational catch was around 32,600 t (Appendix Table A2, Appendix Table B5). According to the available information, which does not include the cod-boom 1980's, the historically highest annual recreational catch of cod was around 3,600 t in 1996 (Figure 2b).

Considering total reconstructed catches of cod in contrast to ICES landings statistics, estimated reconstructed catch was 42% larger than ICES landings statistics of cod for 1950-2007. Over the last five years (2003-2007), the reconstructed catches of cod were about 40% higher than ICES landings statistics (Figure 2b, Appendix Table A2).

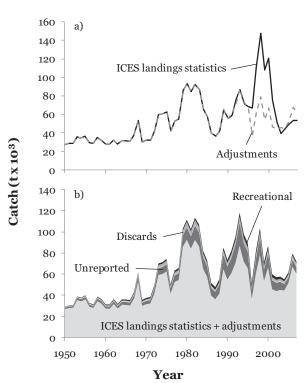
### **Herring**

Reported landings of herring by Sweden were stable during the 1950s and the 1960s with average landings of around 32,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 3a; Appendix Table A3). After the mid 1960s, reported landings increased until 1980 and a peak of nearly 93,000 t. During the 1980s, landings declined rapidly to 36,400 tin 1987. Thereafter, landings increased and peaked during the 1990s when around 85,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> was reported, and after 2000 landings declined to about 61,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 3a). The last five years annual reported landings of herring were on average 47,800 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 3a; Appendix Table A3).

ICES landings statistics were adjusted from 1990-2007 by ICES stock assessment working group data, resulting in a substantial decrease of reported landings for herring in the 1990s of up to 50% (Figure 3a). This resulted in a substantial data adjustment for the 1990s, and is thought to be due to misreported sprat catches and catches from outside the Baltic Sea.

Prior to 1980, the unreported landings, discards, and recreational catches of herring were relatively small (averaging 3,600, 1,400, and 1,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup>, respectively, Figure 3b, Appendix Table A2). During the 1980s and the 1990s, unreported landings of between 7,000 and 21,800 t·year<sup>-1</sup> made up a substantial proportion of the unaccounted herring catches (Figure 3a). In recent years the unreported herring landings were around 6,300 t·year<sup>-1</sup>.

The underwater discards increased from 1.2% in 1950, to 5.4% reported landings in 2007, due to the increased use of trawl in the herring fishery from 1950 (24% trawl) to 2007 (98% trawl). Prior to 1980, the average underwater discard was 1,400 t-year-1, during the 1980s it was 3,500 t-year-1, and during the 1990s it was 3,800 t-year-1 (Figure 3b, Appendix Table A3).



**Figure 3.** Swedish herring landings in the Baltic Sea 1950-2007: a) ICES landings statistics and adjustments; b) Sweden's reconstructed herring catches in the Baltic Sea.

The estimated recreational catches of herring were small for the whole time period, with peak catches in 1994 of about 3,900 t-year<sup>-1</sup>. For the most recent period (2000-2007), recreational catches averaged around 2,200 t-year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 3b; Appendix Table A3).

The total reconstructed catches of herring were only about 13% larger than ICES landings statistics for 1950-2007 due to large negative adjustments. The total reconstructed herring catches were 23% larger than ICES landings statistics + adjustments for 1950-2007, and for the most recent period (2003-2007), likely total catches were, on average, 36% larger per year (Figure 3; Appendix Table A3).

### **Sprat**

ICES landings statistics of sprat were very low at around 150 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1950s and the 1960s, but increased to 1,600 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1970s, and to almost 4,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1980s. After 1990, ICES landings statistics increased extremely rapidly to a peak of around 98,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup>. Thereafter, ICES landings statistics decreased slightly to 86,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> for the last eight years (Figure 4a).

ICES landings statistics were adjusted by Swedish national data in some of the earlier years, and from 1990-2007 by ICES stock assessment working group data. These latter adjustments increased reported landings to a time series peak of approximately 191,000 t in 1998, while lowering reported landings for the most recent period to approx. 80,700 t in 2007 (Figure 4a; Appendix Table A4).

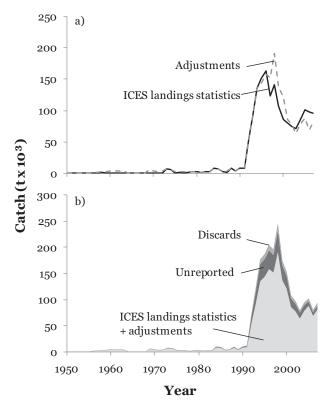
The estimated unreported sprat landings increased substantially with the increased ICES landings + adjustments and averaged 24,600 t·year-1 during the 1990s (Figure 4b). The peak unreported sprat landings were around 41,100 t·year-1 in 1998, and unreported landings were a substantial part of unaccounted sprat catches (Figure 4b). In recent years, the unreported landings decreased, and the last five year's average was 9,200 t·year-1. The underwater discards were stable in relation to total landings (ICES landings statistics + adjustments + unreported landings) during the entire time period due to exclusive use of trawl gear in the sprat fishery. The discards ranged between 0 t in 1950 and around 11,600 t in 1998, and there were no estimated recreational catches of sprat.

For the period 1950-2007 the estimated total reconstructed catches of sprat were 34% larger than ICES landings statistics (Figure 4a, Appendix Table A4). From 2000-2007 this difference was 16% (Figure 4b; Appendix Table A4)

### Salmon

ICES landings statistics for salmon were about 500 t-year<sup>-1</sup> prior to 1980 (Figure 5a). The rather high landings reported for the first few years of the 1950s were unexplained. Landings increased during the 1980s and peaked in 1990 at about 1,200 t, before declining to around 400 t-year<sup>-1</sup> from 2000-2007 (Figure 5a).

Swedish national landings data were for the most parts identical to ICES landings statistics, and replaced them for the entire period, except for 1978 (Figure 5a). The estimated unreported landings of salmon were relatively small during the



**Figure 4.** Swedish sprat landings in the Baltic Sea 1950-2007: a) ICES landings statistics and adjustments; b) Sweden's reconstructed sprat catches in the Baltic Sea.

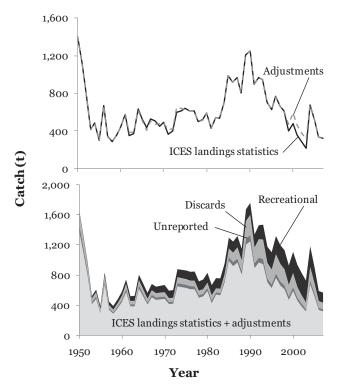


Figure 5. Swedish salmon landings in the Baltic Sea 1950-2007: a) ICES landings statistics and adjustments; b) Sweden's reconstructed salmon catches in the Baltic Sea.

whole time period 1950-2007 and varied between approximately 20 and 95 tyear-1 (Figure 5b).

Salmon discards were 60 t·year<sup>-1</sup> prior to 1980 (Figure 5b). The increase in seal populations after 1980 lead to an increase of salmon discarding, peaking during the 1990s with average discards of around 220 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 5b), of which 85% was discarded due to seals. Seal-safe gear, such as 'push-up' traps, contributed to a decline of total discards, averaging 110 t·year<sup>-1</sup> from 2003-2007.

The estimated recreational catches of salmon increased steadily from 20 t in 1950, to the peak catches of about 300 t in 2002 (Figure 5b). Thereafter, recreational catches declined to about 140 t in 2007.

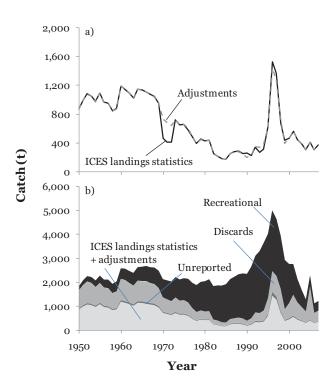
The total reconstructed catches of salmon were 48% larger than ICES landings statistics 1950-2007. In recent years (2003-2007) the reconstructed catches of salmon were on average 93% larger than ICES landings statistics (Appendix Table A5).

#### Flatfishes

ICES landings statistics were quite stable during the first two decades with an average of about 1,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 6a). In the late 1960s, ICES landings statistics started to decrease and reached their lowest reported landings in the 1980s of about 300 t·year<sup>-1</sup>. From the mid 1980s until the mid 1990s ICES landings statistics were quite stable. Landings then increased three-fold within two years to a peak of 1,500 t by 1996 before decreasing again (Figure 6a). After 2000 the landings were about 400 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 6a).

ICES landings statistics were adjusted by ICES stock assessment working group data for flounder, and with Swedish national data for flounder, dab and turbot. Most adjustments were minor, except for the period around 1970 (Figure 6b). Overall, adjustments added 2% to reported landings as per ICES.

Estimated unreported flatfish landings were relatively low during the whole time period 1950-2007, likely reflecting the relatively low market value of these species, and varied between about 20 and 160 t-year-1 (Figure 6b). Prior to 1970 the estimated discards averaged 700 t-year-1 (Figure 6b). Since the discard rate was kept fixed for most



**Figure 6.** Swedish flatfish landings in the Baltic Sea 1950-2007: a) ICES landings statistics and adjustments; b) Sweden's reconstructed flatfish catches in the Baltic Sea.

of the time period, discard tonnage decreased to around 200 t-year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1980s, when landings were small. Thereafter, they increased with increased landings during the 1990s to an average of 500 t-year<sup>-1</sup>. After 1998 discards were larger than the reported landings and peaked in 2005 at about 1,400 t (Figure 6b), of which 97% was discarded flounder.

Estimated recreational flatfish catches made up a substantial part of the reconstructed likely total catch (Figure 6b). The average recreational catches were 600 t·year<sup>-1</sup> prior to 1980, 1,600 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1980s, and 2,400 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1990s when they peaked. In recent years (2003-2007), the estimated recreational catches were, on average, 500 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 6b).

The total estimated reconstructed catches of flatfish were almost 2.7 times larger than ICES landings statistics from 1950-2007. For the more recent years, reconstructed data suggest that likely total catches were about 3.6 times larger then reported landings (Figure 6b, Appendix Table A6).

#### Sea trout

ICES landings statistics for sea trout and 'trout nei' combined were erratic over time and data were missing for most of the 1960s (Figure 7a). ICES landings statistics peaked in 1993 at 170 t, and thereafter declined to around 40 t·year<sup>-1</sup> from 2000-2007 (Figure 7a).

Due to missing data ICES landings statistics were replaced for the entire period, except in 1978, by Swedish national landings data (Figure 7a). Overall, the Swedish national data were 20% larger than ICES landings statistics.

The estimated unreported sea trout landings were low and never exceeded 21 t-year<sup>-1</sup> during the entire period (Figure 7b). The estimated discards were also relatively low and peaked during the 1990s when it ranged between about 20 and 60 t-year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 7b).

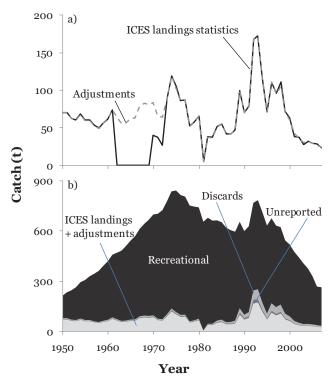
The estimated total recreational sea trout catches were more than 8 times larger than ICES landings statistics suggested for 1950-2007 (Figure 7b; Appendix Table A7). Estimated recreational catches increased from around 130 t in 1950 to a peak of about 730 t in 1975, before declining during the 1980s (Figure 7b). In the most recent years, recreational catches declined to around 230 t by 2007.

Due to the substantial recreational catches of sea trout, the total estimated reconstructed catches were about 10 times larger than ICES landings statistics from 1950-2007, and almost 12 times larger for the most recent 2003-2007 period (Figure 7).

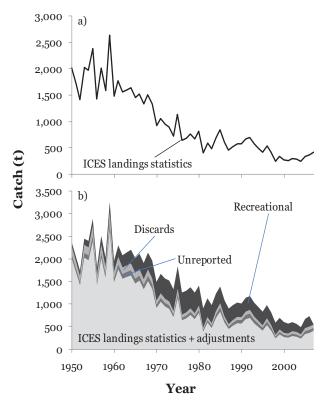
## <u>Eel</u>

ICES landings statistics for eel declined from, on average, 1,900 t·year-1 in the 1950s to an average of 310 t·year-1 in the 2000s (Figure 8a, Appendix Table A8). After the introduction of regulation of fishing for eel in 2007, the reported landings rose to 416 t in 2007 (Figure 8a). No adjustments were done to ICES landings statistics for eel. Unreported landings of eel have decreased since the 1950s, from 110 t·year-1 to around 60 t·year-1 during the 2000s. However, relative to ICES landings statistics, the annual estimated unreported eel landings increased from around 6% during the 1950s, to 18% during the 2000s (Figure 8b, Appendix Table A8).

In the last five years, discards were 17% of ICES landings statistics (Figure 8b), and about 42 % of these discards were due to seal damage. For example in 2004, the estimated discards were about 40 t, of which around 18 t were discarded



**Figure** 7. Swedish sea trout landings in the Baltic Sea: a) ICES landings statistics and adjustments; b) Sweden's reconstructed sea trout catches in the Baltic Sea.



**Figure 8**. Swedish eel landings in the Baltic Sea 1950-2007: a) ICES landings statistics; b) Sweden's reconstructed eel catches in the Baltic Sea.

due to seal damage.

The estimated recreational catches of eel were larger than both unreported landings and discards combined, and made up a substantial part of IUU catches (Figure 8b). The largest recreational catches were taken during the 1970s with average catches of 460 t-year-1 (55% of ICES landings statistics in the 1970s). Between 2000 and 2006, before the regulation of eel fishing in 2007, the recreational catch was on average 210 t-year-1, equaling approximately 70% of reported ICES landings for 2000-2006 (Figure 8b).

The total reconstructed catch of eel was 50% larger than ICES landings statistics from 1950-2007 (Figure 8b). For the most recent years, the total reconstructed catches were on average twice as high as ICES landings statistics.

#### Whitefish

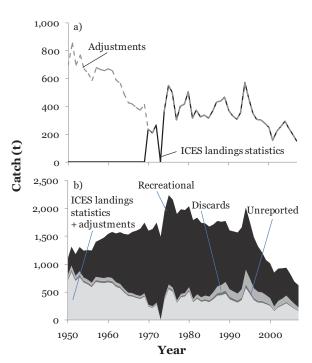
ICES landings statistics for whitefish (whitefish and 'whitefishes nei' combined) didn't report any landings during the 1950s and 1960s. After the mid 1970s, they ranged between on average 300 – 400 t·year-1 until the 2000s, when they declined and were around 200 t·year-1 (Figure 9a).

ICES landings statistics were adjusted with Swedish national landings data from 1950-1969 to account for missing data (Figure 9a). This adjustment added an additional 95% to reported data (Figure 9a; Appendix Table A9). Therefore, ICES landings + adjustments for whitefish declined from a high in the early 1950s of around 860 t in 1951 to around 200 t·year<sup>-1</sup> in the 2000s (Figure 9a; Appendix Table A9).

Estimated unreported landings were relatively low during the whole time period and never exceeded 70 t·year-1 (Figure 9b). Prior to 1980, the estimated discards were relatively low and ranged between 20 and 70 t·year-1. After the increase in the seal population from the 1980s onwards, discards increased considerably. During the 1990s the estimated discards ranged between 130 and 260 t·year-1, but declined during the 2000s with an average discard of 90 t·year-1 (Figure 9b).

The estimated recreational whitefish catches were very large compared to reported landings, being about 4.5 times larger than reported landings from 1950-2007. Recreational catches increased from an estimated 300 t in 1950 to a peak of 1,600 t in 1975 (Figure 9b). Thereafter, the recreational catches declined from an average of 1,500 t-year-1 in the 1970s to annual catches of around 1,000 t-year-1 during the 1990s. The recreational catches declined even more during the 2000s to about 500 t-year-1.

The total reconstructed whitefish catches were 7 times larger than ICES landings statistics from 1950-2007 (Figure 9b). For the most recent years, total reconstructed catches of whitefish were, on average, 3.5 times larger than ICES landings statistics (Figure 9b).



**Figure 9.** Swedish whitefish landings in the Baltic Sea 1950-2007: a) ICES landings statistics and adjustments; d) Sweden's reconstructed whitefish catches in the Baltic Sea.

#### Total reconstructed catches

Overall for Sweden, reported ICES landings statistics were about 61,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1950s, increased to about 66,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1960s, and to 78,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1970s. ICES landings statistics thereafter increased substantially to 125,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1980s, and to 216,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1990s (Figure 10a). For the last eight years they declined and were on average 165,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 10a).

The adjustments to ICES landings statistics resulted in a 2% decrease of reported landings from 1950-2007 (Figure 10a). This difference was exclusively driven by the large tonnage discrepancy in herring landings for the 1990s between ICES landings statistics and stock assessment working group data accounting for taxonomic and spatial misreporting (Figure 3).

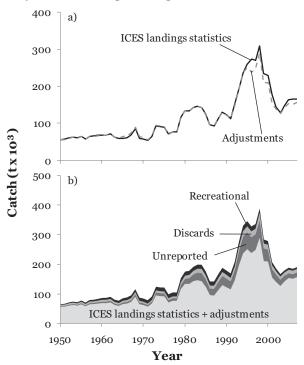
The total reconstructed catches were just under 9 million t from 1950-2007 (Figure 10b; Appendix Table A1), and total catches followed the general time-line trend of landings, increasing from on average around 74,000 t·year-1 in the 1950s to a peak of about 284,000 t·year-1 on average during the 1990s. In recent

years total catches were on average 182,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure 10b). The largest IUU component was unreported landings, especially during the 1990s. Cod, herring, and sprat made up around 90% of the total reconstructed catches from 1950-2007.

Overall, the total reconstructed Swedish catches in the Baltic Sea from 1950-2007 were 31% higher than suggested by the reported data as represented by the ICES landings statistics (Figure 10; Appendix Table A1). The difference peaked during the 1990s when it was on average 68,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup>. In recent years, the difference amounts to about 28,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup>, thus, reconstructed total catches from 2003-2007 were around 18% higher than reported landings suggest. If herring and sprat were excluded from this comparison, the unaccounted factor increases to 69% of the estimated total catches in recent years.

#### DISCUSSION

To improve the understanding of fisheries impacts on ecosystems, improvements in the reporting (and verification) of landings and actual catches are urgently required. In this study, an alternative approach has been used to estimate a more comprehensive total catch, including estimates of unreported landings, discards and recreational



**Figure 10.** Swedish total landings in the Baltic Sea 1950-2007: a) ICES landings statistics and adjustments; b) Sweden's total reconstructed catches in the Baltic Sea

catches. As long as estimates for unaccounted catches are not substantially overestimated, catch reconstruction will present a likely more accurate (even if not statistically 'precise') picture of total extractions compared to current practices of essentially allocating 'zero catch' to IUU components for which no hard time series data are available.

Sweden submits a yearly landings data set to ICES for integration into its database. As this ICES database is the only publicly accessible data source for all countries, years, areas and taxa, it, by default, represents the officially reported picture of fisheries resource extractions. For the focal period of the present study, 1950-2007, the reported landings by Sweden from the Baltic Sea amounted to a total of over 6,786,000 t. In contrast, Sweden's likely total catch taken from the Baltic Sea from 1950-2007 as reconstructed here was about 8,900,000 t, i.e., 31 % higher than ICES landings statistics suggested. For the more recent years (2000-2007), this difference was 18%. The reconstructed catches peaked during the 1990s with an average of 284,000 t-year-1. Discrepancies between reported landings and total catch of a species can contribute substantial uncertainties to stock assessments (ICES, 2008a) and lead to poor or incorrect management advice.

The difference between ICES landings statistics and reconstructed catches can to a large extent be accounted for by 'unreported' landings, which were estimated to almost 1.1 million t for the entire period, which was 12% of the estimated total catch. This is supported by Sporrong (2007) who opined that the unreported landings are the largest component of IUU catches in the Baltic Sea.

The estimated Swedish discards for 1950-2007 were just over 0.5 million t, or 6% of the estimated total catches. Discarded fish are a waste, since the resultant mortality rates are often 100%. For ethical, environmental, and economic reasons, discarding is a disgrace (Anon., 2003a), and attempts should be

made to minimize or avoid it. The effects of discarding on the ecosystem are to a large extent unknown and in order to improve the understanding and also stock assessments it is necessary that all discards are reported (Anon., 2003a). Generally, the only way in which actual catches (i.e., reported and unreported landings and discards) can be properly accounted for, is through 100% observer coverage on all vessels of all fleets. Anything less than 100% coverage results in often strong observer bias effects leading to unreliability and high uncertainty in the observer data (Babcock and Pikitch, 2003; Anon., 2006a; Bremner *et al.*, 2009).

The estimated recreational catch was about 0.6 million t from 1950-2007, which was 7% of the estimated total reconstructed catches. Recreational fishing in Sweden is one of the biggest recreational activities and for some species the recreational catch is several times larger than the commercial landings (Anon., 2007a). If one excludes the three major commercial species, cod, herring, and sprat (which account for 94% of reported ICES landings statistics), the recreational catches made up nearly 50% of the remaining total reconstructed catches, none of which is appropriately represented by ICES data. Similar recreational contributions to total catches have been reported in the USA (e.g., Coleman *et al.*, 2004). Even though the recreational part of catches is often substantial, the data on recreational fishing in Sweden are very poor, especially prior to 2006. Hence, better data are needed for recreational fisheries, including species- and area-specific catch and effort data. These could possibly be obtained through well designed, country-wide surveys, conducted at least every 3-5 years, with all data for intervening years being interpolated. Emphasis should also be placed on incorporating these data (surveyed and interpolated) in all annual reports to ICES.

Much of the available information was biased towards the commercially important species, such as cod, herring and sprat. Further, the total reconstructed catches were also largely driven by the three major commercial species that accounted for 94% of the reported ICES landings statistics. These three are also ecologically dominating species of fish in the Baltic Sea (Hansson and Nissling, www.ecology.su.se/projects/images/WWF1.pdf); hence, fishing is a key factor structuring the Baltic Sea marine ecosystem (Harvey et al., 2003). Consequently, if fishing causes a decline, or even collapse of a fish population in the Baltic Sea, it does not only affect the fisheries (and stock), but it likely also has substantial ecosystem implications (Harvey et al. 2003). For example, multi-level trophic cascade effects have recently been reported for the Baltic Sea, driven mainly by overfishing of cod that enabled substantial increases of sprat during the 1990s due to predation release (Casini et al., 2008). This increase in sprat populations in turn led to a decline of zooplankton, the food of sprat, which in turn reduced grazing pressure on phytoplankton, contributing to algal blooms. The potentially harmful algal blooms were previous exclusively ascribed to eutrophication and climate conditions (Casini et al., 2008). Low densities of zooplankton also harm the recruitment of pike and perch (Ljunggren et al., 2008), and problems with recruitment for these two species exist along the Swedish coast of the Central Baltic Sea (Ask and Westerberg, 2008).

Sweden has an extensive tradition of scientific research. Many of the laboratories and research stations that form the national marine research foundation were founded in the 1930s (www.fiskeriverket.se/vanstermeny/omfiskeriverket.4.1e93312510e313daf128000225.html). Yet, there is a lack of data and understanding about fisheries impacts on the Baltic Sea ecosystems beyond the single species stock assessments and the most basic, direct effects of fishing. More ecosystem-level research is needed, and larger safety margins in Total Allowable Catch (TAC) should be applied (Hjerne, 2003). One key requirement is for better accounting of total catches, not only commercial landings data. As suggested, compulsory 100% observer coverage (onboard observer and/or remote video monitored) on all commercial fishing vessels would improve accounting of total catches (Anon., 2005d).

## Unreported landings

The estimated unreported landings are thought to be conservative and therefore minimum estimates. Out of a total 1.09 million t unreported landings, more than 66% came from unreported landings during the 1980s and the 1990s. This reflects the limited information available for the present study, but is also a result of the cautious assumptions and conservative methods chosen here for this catch reconstruction. Based on the assumption that the introduction of quotas increased the incentive for un- and underreporting (Søndergaard, 2007), a break point was set to 1980. Further, several sources indicated that unreported landings have declined in recent years (K.-E. Karlsson, pers. comm., Swedish Tax Agency; B. Sjöstrand, J. Löwenadler Davidsson, pers. comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries), hence, the effort to remain conservative when setting anchor points in the 2000s.

The estimated unreported cod landings were about 18% of reported ICES landings statistics, and made up 45% of the total IUU catches of cod. A study on unreported cod fishing in the Baltic Sea suggested that the countries with the largest fraction of the TAC (i.e., Sweden, Denmark and Poland), were the biggest offenders with respect to unreported landings (Sporrong, 2007). According to a Polish fisher the quotas but mainly by Poland and Sweden exceeded in each country, www.fishsec.org/downloads/1172158401 70868.pdf). However, compared to the average unreported landings of Eastern Cod from 1993-2007, estimated by the ICES stock assessment working group (section 2.4.1.2, ICES, 2008a), Sweden's unreported landings of cod, as estimated here, are relatively small. ICES working group uses a 'Raising Factor' (RF), to estimate total landings. The RF is based on information on unallocated catches (i.e. unreported landings) from various countries, which has been added to the landings reported by the working group. The total landings (reported + unallocated) are divided by the unallocated catches to derive the RF. In ICES (2008a) the RF is different depending on if it is presented as RF (table in section 2.4.1.2; ICES, 2008a), or calculated based on the data presented (Table 2.4.1; ICES, 2008a). This is an example of the lack of transparency that makes stock assessment working group reports very unclear for anyone not part of the working group. Since the RF factor is a Baltic Sea total, and it is not possible to identify which, or how many countries, contributed actual information on unreported landings to derive it, Sweden's unreported landings may be higher than some, and smaller than some of the other individual countries surrounding the Baltic Sea. Since not all countries contribute with information, the RF factor is a minimum estimate (ICES. 2008a), and unreported landings will be more or less underestimated based on which countries that the working group obtain information from. For example; Sweden's unreported landings in 1994 estimated here for the catch reconstruction, equals a RF of 1.24 for Sweden. The unreported landings for Poland are thought to be about 300% (Bale et al., this volume) which equals a RF of 3, hence, if Poland is one of the countries that does not report their unreported landings to the working group, the unallocated catches would be substantially underestimated.

The key message here is that the lack of data transparency evident in all ICES stock assessment working group reports is a problem for open and transparent accounting of resource use and countries' adherence to EU policies. The resources of the Baltic Sea are essentially public property (owned by the people of all Baltic countries), yet the continued non-transparency of fisheries data apparent in ICES reports makes the possibility for public accountability of democratically elected governments of Europe limited.

## Discards

Information on Swedish boat-based discards was sparse, except for cod and flounder. Swedish discard studies have mainly focused on cod fisheries, and information found on other species was not detailed enough to be used to derive anchor points. The Swedish sampling of discard data has covered <1% of the fishing effort and the data are highly uncertain (Anon., 2007b). During times with restrictive quotas, discards due to high-grading are more prevalent (ICES, 2008a). A sampling system with limited observer coverage cannot adequately address discarding, particularly discarding due to high-grading, as fishers are known to change their behavior with observers onboard (Anon., 2004b).

The Swedish boat-based discards of cod in 2006 were estimated at about 1,800 t (total estimated discards of cod were around 3,100 t). Most of the discarded cod is undersized, and fishers are not allowed to land them. With large discards of undersized cod there is a large number of sexually immature fish that die, which is a loss of future reproduction capacity as well as catch opportunities (Anon., 2007b). The total cod discards in the Baltic Sea by all countries, as reported in ICES stock assessment working group reports were about 4,650 t in 2006 (ICES, 2008a, Table 2.4.20). Since the estimated Swedish boat-based discards were about 1,800 t in 2006, it would suggest that almost 38% of the total cod discards in the Baltic Sea 2006 was discarded by Swedish fishers. Considering that Sweden's fraction of the total landings of cod was around 20% (ICES, 2008a Table 2.4.1), this boat-based discard rate seemed high. Sweden's relatively high discards might partly be explained by extensive fishing in subdivision 25 where there is a lot of young cod (Y. Walther, K. Ringdahl, pers. comm., Swedish Board of Fisheries). However, it is unlikely that the difference in discards between Sweden and other countries is that big, therefore this discrepancy is more likely an indication of uncertainties in the existing data, and is yet another example of problem with transparency in the ICES stock assessment working group reports.

## 'Less important' species

Considering all taxa, the total difference between reconstructed catches and ICES landings statistics was 31%. If one excludes the three major commercial species cod, herring and sprat (accounting for 94% of

reported data as per ICES landings statistics), the difference between reconstructed total catches and reported landings was 123 %. This implies that there is a larger fraction of IUU catches for 'less important' species, which is an indication of ICES' focus on the important commercial species, when it comes to enforcement of reporting, and research. While historically potentially justifiable due to the focus on market-based economic development, given the recent and future focus on ecosystem-based management, this focus needs to shift towards comprehensive and inclusive accounting of total catches, including all IUU and non-commercial catches. It is surprising that such a shift in focus of reported data has not become evident in at least the most recent years.

## Issues for improvement

The European fisheries in general are economically stressed, to a large extent due to depleted fish stocks (Sissenwine and Symes, 2007). Many of the problems in the Baltic Sea fisheries are caused by the overcapacity that exists in the fishing fleet (Hildén, 1997). Overcapacity is the one of the main reasons for high IUU catches (Sporrong 2007), and it hinders any move for sustainable fisheries (Pauly *et al.* 2002). The build up of overcapacity in fisheries, in the Baltic Sea as well as globally, is heavily influenced by subsidies in fisheries policies (Hildén, 1997; Nyström and Andersson, 2007; Sumaila *et al.*, 2007; ICES, 2009). The attempts to decrease fleet overcapacity by using decommissioning subsidies have had no, or even opposite effects. Subsidies for decommissioning have globally more often caused an increase fishing capacity due to modernization of the fleet (Pauly *et al.*, 2002), and in Sweden the capture efficiency increased by 50% from 1995-2002 (Ackefors, 2008). Thus, a key issue to be addressed urgently by all countries in Europe, and globally, is a substantial reduction of harmful (from an ecosystem and overfishing perspective) subsidies (Sumaila *et al.*, 2007).

Complete (100%) observer cover is required for proper, reliable and comprehensive accounting of catches and discards, due to the often substantial observer bias effects that are known to skew data with less than 100% coverage (Babcock and Pikitch, 2003; Anon., 2006a; Bremner *et al.*, 2009). The success of full observer coverage has been demonstrated, for example, on the West Coast of Canada, through a combination of onboard observer and video-monitoring (W Erikson, pers. comm., halibut representative, Commercial Industry Caucus, http://seafoodchoices.org/seafoodsummit/documents/EricksonW.pdf). Furthermore, 100% observer cover would enable for a complete buy-in by the industry (no-one is being disadvantaged or preferred) and industry self-control. The main counter-argument for a 100% observer cover has been the cost, which should be re-covered from the industry. If cost arguments are seriously raised by the industry, they are likely an indication of economic difficulties, likely due to overcapacity, and the fleet in question needs to be reduced. However, 100% observer cover would save some money for fisheries control, which could be used to help finance the coverage. The cost also has to be contrasted to the cost to society of overfished stocks, lost or reduced ecosystem services, and the cost of trying to rebuild the Baltic Sea ecosystem if politics continues to ignore scientific advice.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

I would like to thank my supervisor Kjell Leonardsson at SLU Umeå for all his effort, support and valuable comments, Daniel Pauly and the *Sea Around Us* Project for the opportunity and financial support, my external supervisor Dirk Zeller for sharing of knowledge, discussion and editing, and my colleagues Peter Rossing and Shawn Booth for discussion, cooperation and support. I also thank my contacts in Sweden, Denmark and Canada for sharing their knowledge; in particular H. C. Andersson, D. Boyes, B. Chisena , H. Degel, W. Erikson, Ö. Eriksson, A. Gårdmark, T. Gustavsson, J. Hjelm, K.-E. Karlsson, P.-O. Larsson, H. Lassen, J. Löwenadler Davidsson, R. Lundgren, R. Lundström, L. Olofsson, L.-E. Palmén, A. Paulrud, K. Ringdahl, B. Sjöstrand, U. Steinbasch, B. Wallin, Y. Walther, and P. Wramner.

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## APPENDIX A

 ${\bf Appendix\ Table\ A1.\ ICES\ landing\ statistics,\ adjustments\ to\ ICES\ landing\ statistics,\ unreported\ landings,\ discards,\ recreational\ catch,\ and\ reconstructed\ total\ for\ Sweden\ (t).}$ 

| Year         | ICES<br>landing   | Adjust- | Un-              | Dis-             | Re-              | Total              |
|--------------|-------------------|---------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| i Cai        | statistics        | ments   | reported         | cards            | creational       | iotai              |
| 1950         | 55,488            | 0       | 2,799            | 4,053            | 2,452            | 64,791             |
| 1951         | 56,373            | 0       | 2,987            | 4,132            | 2,833            | 66,325             |
| 1952         | 59,583            | -1      | 3,320            | 4,632            | 3,219            | 70,753             |
| 1953         | 62,030            | -1      | 3,604            | 4,206            | 3,605            | 73,444             |
| 1954         | 59,631            | 0       | 3,622            | 4,056            | 3,995            | 71,305             |
| 1955         | 64,214            | -1      | 4,070            | 4,487            | 4,399            | 77,170             |
| 1956         | 57,399            | -1      | 3,791            | 4,321            | 4,802            | 70,314             |
| 1957         | 64,163            | 0       | 4,439            | 5,210            | 5,216            | 79,028             |
| 1958         | 64,940            | 0<br>-1 | 4,629            | 4,691            | 5,626            | 79,886             |
| 1959<br>1960 | 66,625            | 0       | 4,914<br>5,241   | 5,146<br>5,897   | 6,033<br>6,438   | 82,717<br>85,878   |
| 1960         | 68,303<br>68,115  | 0       | 5,432            | 5,897            | 6,860            | 86,388             |
| 1962         | 70,695            | 34      | 5,744            | 5,831            | 7,284            | 89,590             |
| 1963         | 61,933            | 15      | 5,223            | 5,228            | 7,718            | 80,117             |
| 1964         | 58,758            | -12     | 4,949            | 4,774            | 8,180            | 76,649             |
| 1965         | 59,052            | 5,955   | 5,688            | 5,513            | 8,659            | 84,867             |
| 1966         | 60,414            | 6,321   | 5,977            | 5,777            | 9,138            | 87,627             |
| 1967         | 66,913            | 5,556   | 6,729            | 5,992            | 9,596            | 94,786             |
| 1968         | 84,646            | 5,467   | 8,582            | 6,814            | 10,051           | 115,561            |
| 1969         | 58,847            | 5,675   | 6,489            | 5,429            | 10,551           | 86,993             |
| 1970         | 57,159            | 4,405   | 6,194            | 4,921            | 11,065           | 83,744             |
| 1971         | 53,262            | 3,079   | 5,899            | 4,399            | 11,525           | 78,164             |
| 1972         | 63,848            | 2,995   | 7,173            | 4,927            | 11,959           | 90,902             |
| 1973         | 92,300            | 2,310   | 10,152           | 6,696            | 12,399           | 123,856            |
| 1974         | 89,842            | 2,280   | 10,106           | 6,358            | 12,864           | 121,450            |
| 1975         | 88,308            | 2,784   | 10,383           | 6,383            | 13,334           | 121,192            |
| 1976         | 70,390            | 27      | 8,547            | 5,614            | 13,478           | 98,057             |
| 1977         | 76,048            | 0       | 9,322            | 5,513            | 13,616           | 104,499            |
| 1978         | 76,044            | 0       | 9,374            | 5,356            | 13,724           | 104,498            |
| 1979         | 116,195           | 0       | 14,755           | 8,033            | 13,821           | 152,803            |
| 1980         | 133,744           | 0       | 17,536           | 9,729            | 13,908           | 174,917            |
| 1981         | 133,332           | 0       | 19,662           | 10,728           | 13,966           | 177,688            |
| 1982         | 142,969           | 0       | 22,853           | 11,369           | 14,015           | 191,206            |
| 1983         | 146,177           | 0       | 25,966           | 12,430           | 14,054           | 198,627            |
| 1984<br>1985 | 142,656           | 0<br>0  | 28,286           | 13,335<br>11,576 | 14,095<br>14,136 | 198,371<br>175,454 |
| 1986         | 123,652<br>95,548 | 0       | 26,089<br>22,198 | 9,735            | 14,182           | 141,663            |
| 1987         | 91,615            | 2,273   | 23,545           | 9,963            | 14,233           | 141,629            |
| 1988         | 111,968           | 0       | 27,858           | 11,780           | 14,296           | 165,903            |
| 1989         | 129,486           | 0       | 31,303           | 12,738           | 14,392           | 187,918            |
| 1990         | 122,067           | -58     | 29,736           | 12,303           | 14,472           | 178,520            |
| 1991         | 112,322           | 2,707   | 27,600           | 10,773           | 15,438           | 168,840            |
| 1992         | 150,327           | -4,150  | 34,942           | 10,855           | 16,419           | 208,393            |
| 1993         | 195,301           | 1,113   | 48,591           | 13,669           | 17,434           | 276,108            |
| 1994         | 236,405           | 825     | 57,092           | 17,480           | 18,509           | 330,311            |
| 1995         | 260,341           | -8,717  | 57,454           | 18,931           | 17,756           | 345,766            |
| 1996         | 273,562           | -35,035 | 53,646           | 18,841           | 16,918           | 327,932            |
| 1997         | 269,735           | -21,086 | 54,046           | 17,096           | 16,017           | 335,807            |
| 1998         | 309,387           | -19,160 | 61,564           | 21,660           | 15,067           | 388,518            |
| 1999         | 234,304           | -23,274 | 43,148           | 15,531           | 14,056           | 283,766            |
| 2000         | 229,174           | -19,570 | 41,183           | 14,992           | 12,544           | 278,323            |
| 2001         | 178,286           | -23,270 | 29,192           | 11,768           | 11,093           | 207,068            |
| 2002         | 143,211           | -3,686  | 25,264           | 10,309           | 9,706            | 184,804            |
| 2003         | 128,313           | -1,773  | 21,907           | 9,745            | 8,385            | 166,578            |
| 2004         | 146,884           | -4,713  | 19,827           | 9,979            | 7,130            | 179,108            |
| 2005         | 163,850           | -10,244 | 15,943           | 11,596           | 7,065            | 188,211            |
| 2006         | 165,938           | -14,779 | 15,617           | 11,278           | 6,548            | 184,602            |
| 2007         | 164,551           | -8,028  | 16,126           | 10,933           | 6,548            | 190,130            |

**Appendix Table A2.** ICES landing statistics, adjustments to ICES landing statistics, unreported landings, discards, recreational catch, and reconstructed total for cod (*Gadus morhua*) for Sweden (t).

| ,    | ICES       |         |                |       |                         |                              |
|------|------------|---------|----------------|-------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Year | landing    | Adjust- | Un-            | Dis-  | Re-                     | Total                        |
| rear | statistics | ments   | reported       | cards | creational              | Total                        |
| 1950 | 21,290     | 0       | 1,065          | 2,405 | 267                     | 25,027                       |
| 1951 | 21,340     | 0       | 1,141          | 2,419 | 309                     | 25,209                       |
| 1952 | 25,475     | 0       | 1,451          | 2,897 | 351                     | 30,174                       |
| 1953 | 20,159     | 0       | 1,219          | 2,300 | 393                     | 24,071                       |
| 1954 | 19,099     | Ö       | 1,221          | 2,186 | 436                     | 22,942                       |
| 1955 | 21,068     | 0       | 1,420          | 2,420 | 480                     | 25,388                       |
| 1956 | 20,178     | Ö       | 1,430          | 2,325 | 524                     | 24,458                       |
| 1957 | 26,918     | 0       | 2,002          | 3,112 | 569                     | 32,601                       |
| 1958 | 21,224     | 0       | 1,652          | 2,462 | 613                     | 25,951                       |
| 1959 | 22,855     | 0       | 1,859          | 2,659 | 658                     | 28,031                       |
| 1960 | 27,635     | 0       | 2,344          | 3,226 | 702                     | 33,907                       |
| 1961 | 28,701     | 0       | 2,534          | 3,361 | 748                     | 35,344                       |
| 1962 | 25,140     | 0       | 2,307          | 2,953 | 7 <del>4</del> 6<br>794 | 31,195                       |
| 1962 | 22,827     | 0       | 2,307          | 2,933 | 842                     | 28,534                       |
| 1963 | 16,222     | 0       | 1,602          |       | 892                     | 20,634                       |
|      |            |         |                | 1,918 | 944                     | 20,63 <del>4</del><br>27,442 |
| 1965 | 15,736     | 5,969   | 2,219          | 2,574 |                         |                              |
| 1966 | 16,182     | 6,343   | 2,381          | 2,680 | 996                     | 28,582                       |
| 1967 | 17,784     | 5,579   | 2,551          | 2,788 | 1,047                   | 29,749                       |
| 1968 | 18,508     | 5,500   | 2,705          | 2,874 | 1,096                   | 30,683                       |
| 1969 | 16,656     | 5,645   | 2,590          | 2,678 | 1,150                   | 28,720                       |
| 1970 | 13,664     | 4,092   | 2,124          | 2,139 | 1,207                   | 23,226                       |
| 1971 | 12,945     | 2,725   | 1,929          | 1,894 | 1,257                   | 20,750                       |
| 1972 | 13,762     | 2,709   | 2,085          | 1,997 | 1,304                   | 21,857                       |
| 1973 | 16,134     | 2,255   | 2,392          | 2,236 | 1,352                   | 24,369                       |
| 1974 | 14,184     | 2,251   | 2,195          | 2,005 | 1,403                   | 22,038                       |
| 1975 | 15,168     | 2,797   | 2,462          | 2,198 | 1,454                   | 24,079                       |
| 1976 | 22,802     | 0       | 3,204          | 2,798 | 1,526                   | 30,331                       |
| 1977 | 18,327     | 0       | 2,639          | 2,256 | 1,599                   | 24,821                       |
| 1978 | 15,996     | 0       | 2,359          | 1,975 | 1,669                   | 21,999                       |
| 1979 | 24,003     | 0       | 3,624          | 2,973 | 1,739                   | 32,338                       |
| 1980 | 34,089     | 0       | 5,265          | 4,235 | 1,808                   | 45,397                       |
| 1981 | 44,300     | 0       | 7,820          | 5,640 | 1,874                   | 59,634                       |
| 1982 | 44,807     | 0       | 8,898          | 5,845 | 1,940                   | 61,490                       |
| 1983 | 54,876     | 0       | 12,108         | 7,331 | 2,004                   | 76,319                       |
| 1984 | 65,788     | 0       | 15,967         | 8,998 | 2,069                   | 92,822                       |
| 1985 | 54,723     | 0       | 14,489         | 7,660 | 2,134                   | 79,006                       |
| 1986 | 48,804     | 0       | 13,999         | 6,989 | 2,200                   | 71,992                       |
| 1987 | 50,186     | 0       | 15,502         | 7,351 | 2,268                   | 75,307                       |
| 1988 | 58,027     | 0       | 17,382         | 8,485 | 2,338                   | 86,233                       |
| 1989 | 55,919     | 0       | 16,229         | 8,162 | 2,414                   | 82,724                       |
| 1990 | 54,473     | 0       | 15,300         | 7,937 | 2,488                   | 80,198                       |
| 1991 | 39,552     | 0       | 10,740         | 5,752 | 2,719                   | 58,762                       |
| 1992 | 16,244     | Ö       | 4,259          | 2,357 | 2,961                   | 25,821                       |
| 1993 | 12,201     | Ö       | 3,085          | 1,767 | 3,217                   | 20,270                       |
| 1994 | 25,685     | 0       | 6,254          | 3,712 | 3,493                   | 39,144                       |
| 1995 | 27,289     | 0       | 6,390          | 3,934 | 3,554                   | 41,168                       |
| 1996 | 36,931     | 0       | 8,303          | 5,312 | 3,580                   | 54,126                       |
| 1997 | 29,327     | 0       | 6,319          | 2,637 | 3,572                   | 41,855                       |
| 1997 | 17,666     | 0       | 3,642          | 4,036 | 3,532                   | 28,875                       |
| 1998 | 17,666     | 0       | 3,642<br>3,439 | 3,220 | 3,456                   | 20,675                       |
| 2000 |            | 0       |                |       |                         |                              |
|      | 19,801     |         | 3,712          | 2,786 | 2,777                   | 29,076                       |
| 2001 | 21,120     | 0       | 3,762          | 2,818 | 2,184                   | 29,884                       |
| 2002 | 15,203     | 0       | 2,566          | 2,141 | 1,673                   | 21,583                       |
| 2003 | 14,686     | 0       | 2,341          | 2,521 | 1,240                   | 20,789                       |
| 2004 | 15,201     | 0       | 2,281          | 2,109 | 880                     | 20,472                       |
| 2005 | 10,558     | 0       | 1,486          | 2,175 | 812                     | 15,031                       |
| 2006 | 12,252     | 0       | 1,610          | 3,084 | 697                     | 17,643                       |
| 2007 | 12,558     | 0       | 1,650          | 2,480 | 697                     | 17,385                       |

**Appendix Table A3.** ICES landing statistics, adjustments to ICES landing statistics, unreported landings, discards, recreational catch, and reconstructed total for herring (*Chupea harengus*) for Sweden (t).

**ICES** Adiust-Un-Dis-Re-Year landing **Total** ments reported cards creational statistics 1950 0 1,354 341 281 29,047 27,071 1951 28,184 0 1,480 356 325 30,345 1952 28,289 0 1,556 418 369 30,632 2,055 605 1953 35,741 0 414 38,815 1954 34,435 0 2,066 657 458 37,616 1955 36,430 0 2,277 774 505 39,986 0 1956 29,386 1,910 689 551 32,536 1,907 724 1957 28,258 0 598 31,487 1958 34,684 0 2,428 965 645 38,722 1959 32,284 0 2,341 987 692 36,303 2,073 1960 27,639 0 906 739 31,357 1961 27,455 0 2,128 917 787 31,287 31,930 0 2,554 1,104 836 36,424 1962 974 1963 27,691 0 2,285 886 31,836 1964 31,297 0 2,660 1,138 938 36,033 1965 31,082 0 2,720 1,149 993 35,944 1966 30,511 0 2,746 1,164 1.048 35,469 1967 36,900 0 3,413 1,431 1,101 42,845 1968 53,256 0 5,059 2,129 1,153 61,597 1969 30,167 0 2,941 1,225 1,211 35,544 1970 31,757 0 3,176 1,327 1,270 37,530 1971 32,351 3,316 1,373 1,322 38,362 0 1972 4,381 1,821 49,295 41,721 0 1,372 1973 59,546 0 6,401 2,671 1,423 70,041 2,747 0 6,639 1974 60,352 1,476 71,213 1975 62,791 0 7,064 2,934 1,530 74,319 1976 41,841 0 4,812 1,983 1,615 50,250 1977 52,871 0 6,212 2,570 1,701 63,354 1978 54,629 0 6,555 2,692 1,785 65,662 4,348 86,078 0 10,545 1,868 102,839 1979 1980 92,923 0 11,615 4,757 1,951 111,246 1981 84,500 0 11,375 4,458 2,030 102,363 1982 92,675 0 13,367 4,984 2,109 113,135 1983 86,561 0 13,317 4,594 2,187 106,659 1984 65,519 0 10,710 3,430 2,265 81,924 57,554 2,344 1985 0 9,961 2,971 72,830 1986 39,909 0 7,291 2,006 2,424 51,630 1987 36,446 0 7,009 1,803 2,505 47,763 41,828 0 8,446 2,590 1988 2,162 55,026 65,032 0 13,757 3,545 2,680 85,014 1989 1990 55,174 -12 12,199 3,132 2,769 73,263 2,324 1991 59,176 14,192 3,633 3,033 82,359 1992 75,907 -4,807 17,091 4,145 3,309 95,645 1993 86,497 765 21,816 5,127 3,603 117,807 70,886 1,345 17,480 3,919 97,891 1994 4,261 -1,976 15,454 3,905 1995 68,019 3,871 89,273 1996 67,115 -30,064 8,374 2,158 3,859 51,441 110,465 -49,684 13,250 3,784 1997 3,516 81,332 147,706 -69,105 16,506 1998 4,565 3,683 103,355 1999 108,316 -54,606 10,849 3,099 3,550 71,208 120,887 -54,300 12,918 2000 3,896 3,157 86,558 2001 75,194 -29,230 8,549 2,644 2,783 59,940 2002 51,194 -6,972 7,872 2,527 2,427 57,047 7,694 2,089 57,581 2003 39,350 5,907 2,542 6,056 2004 2,444 43,922 934 1,770 55,125 2005 48,940 2,749 5,169 2,758 1,835 61,451 2006 53,166 14,106 6,727 3,626 1,775 79,400 53,503 6,067 3,270 1.775 71.782 2007 7,167

**Appendix Table A4.** ICES landing statistics, adjustments to ICES landing statistics, unreported landings, discards, recreational catch, and reconstructed total for sprat (*Sprattus sprattus*) for Sweden (t).

| spruttus) 10 | or Sweden (t).  |                                |          |        |            |         |
|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------|--------|------------|---------|
| Year         | ICES<br>landing | Adjust-                        | Un-      | Dis-   | Re-        | Total   |
| rear         | statistics      | ments                          | reported | cards  | creational | TOLAI   |
| 1950         | 8               | 0                              | 0        | 0      | 0          | 9       |
| 1951         | 12              | Ō                              | 1        | 1      | 0          | 13      |
| 1952         | 13              | 0                              | 1        | 1      | 0          | 14      |
| 1953         | 19              | 0                              | 1        | 1      | Ő          | 21      |
| 1954         | 35              | 0                              | 2        | 2      | 0          | 39      |
| 1955         | 59              | 0                              | 4        | 3      | 0          | 66      |
| 1956         | 38              | 1,072                          | 72       | 59     | 0          | 1,241   |
| 1957         | 120             | 1,547                          | 113      | 89     | 0          | 1,869   |
| 1958         | 839             | 1,491                          | 163      | 125    | 0          | •       |
|              |                 |                                | 199      | 147    | 0          | 2,618   |
| 1959         | 355             | 2,394                          |          |        |            | 3,096   |
| 1960         | 257             | 3,581                          | 288      | 206    | 0          | 4,332   |
| 1961         | 76              | 3,047                          | 242      | 168    | 0          | 3,533   |
| 1962         | 155             | 3,277                          | 275      | 185    | 0          | 3,892   |
| 1963         | 101             | 3,020                          | 257      | 169    | 0          | 3,547   |
| 1964         | 58              | 0                              | 5        | 3      | 0          | 66      |
| 1965         | 46              | 0                              | 4        | 3      | 0          | 53      |
| 1966         | 38              | 0                              | 3        | 2      | 0          | 43      |
| 1967         | 55              | 0                              | 5        | 3      | 0          | 63      |
| 1968         | 112             | 0                              | 11       | 6      | 0          | 129     |
| 1969         | 134             | 4,889                          | 490      | 276    | 0          | 5,788   |
| 1970         | 31              | 3,234                          | 327      | 180    | 0          | 3,771   |
| 1971         | 69              | 2,567                          | 270      | 145    | 0          | 3,052   |
| 1972         | 102             | 3,035                          | 329      | 173    | 0          | 3,640   |
| 1973         | 6,310           | 0                              | 678      | 349    | 0          | 7,338   |
| 1974         | 5 <b>,4</b> 97  | 0                              | 605      | 305    | 0          | 6,407   |
| 1975         | 31              | 2,616                          | 298      | 147    | 0          | 3,092   |
| 1976         | 713             | 1,257                          | 227      | 110    | 0          | 2,306   |
| 1977         | 433             | 1,718                          | 253      | 120    | 0          | 2,524   |
| 1978         | 807             | 0                              | 97       | 45     | 0          | 949     |
| 1979         | 2,240           | 0                              | 274      | 126    | 0          | 2,640   |
| 1980         | 2,388           | 0                              | 299      | 134    | 0          | 2,821   |
| 1981         | 1,510           | 0                              | 203      | 86     | 0          | 1,799   |
| 1982         | 1,890           | 0                              | 273      | 108    | 0          | 2,271   |
| 1983         | 1,747           | 0                              | 269      | 101    | 0          | 2,117   |
| 1984         | 7,807           | 0                              | 1,276    | 454    | 0          | 9,537   |
| 1985         | 7,111           | 0                              | 1,231    | 417    | 0          | 8,759   |
| 1986         | 2,573           | 0                              | 470      | 152    | 0          | 3,195   |
| 1987         | 870             | 2,273                          | 604      | 187    | 0          | 3,935   |
| 1988         | 7,307           | 0                              | 1,475    | 439    | 0          | 9,222   |
| 1989         | 3,453           | 0                              | 730      | 209    | 0          | 4,393   |
| 1990         | 7,485           | 15                             | 1,659    | 458    | 0          | 9,617   |
| 1991         | 8,328           | 372                            | 2,008    | 535    | 0          | 11,243  |
| 1992         | 53,558          | 642                            | 13,029   | 3,361  | 0          | 70,590  |
| 1993         | 92,416          | 284                            | 23,175   | 5,794  | 0          | 121,669 |
| 1994         | 135,779         | -579                           | 32,854   | 8,403  | 0          | 176,456 |
| 1995         | 150,435         | -6,735                         | 33,913   | 8,881  | 0          | 186,494 |
| 1996         | 163,087         | -4,887                         | 36,228   | 9,721  | 0          | 204,149 |
| 1997         | 123,208         | 28,692                         | 33,722   | 9,281  | Ö          | 194,903 |
| 1998         | 141,209         | 49,891                         | 41,087   | 11,609 | Ö          | 243,796 |
| 1999         | 106,000         | 31,300                         | 28,558   | 8,293  | 0          | 174,151 |
| 2000         | 85,981          | 34,619                         | 24,241   | 7,242  | Ő          | 152,083 |
| 2001         | 79,553          | 5,847                          | 16,568   | 5,098  | 0          | 107,066 |
| 2001         | 74,109          | 3,191                          | 14,455   | 4,588  | 0          | 96,343  |
| 2002         | 71,188          | -7,788                         | 11,412   | 3,741  | 0          | 78,553  |
| 2003         | 83,949          | -5,649                         | 10,962   | 4,463  | 0          | 93,725  |
| 2005         | 100,797         | -12,997                        | 8,780    | 4,829  | 0          | 101,409 |
| 2005         | 97,584          | -12,997                        | 6,870    | 3,779  | 0          | 79,349  |
| 2007         |                 | -20,00 <del>4</del><br>-15,197 | •        | 4,439  | 0          |         |
| 2007         | 95,897          | -15,19/                        | 8,070    | צנד,ד  | U          | 93,209  |

**Appendix Table A5.** ICES landing statistics, adjustments to ICES landing statistics, unreported landings, discards, recreational catch, and reconstructed total for salmon (*Salmo salar*) for Sweden (t).

| Year         | ICES                  | Adjust-   | Un-      | Dis-      | Re-        | Total      |
|--------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|
|              | landing<br>statistics | ments     | reported | cards     | creational | Total      |
| 1950         | 1,400                 | 0         | 94       | 159       | 21         | 1,674      |
| 1951         | 1,105                 | 0         | 74       | 126       | 24         | 1,329      |
| 1952         | 796                   | 0         | 53       | 90        | 28         | 968        |
| 1953         | 414                   | -1        | 28       | 47        | 31         | 519        |
| 1954         | 483                   | 0         | 32       | 55        | 34         | 604        |
| 1955         | 295                   | 0         | 20       | 34        | 38         | 386        |
| 1956         | 670                   | 0         | 45       | 76        | 41         | 832        |
| 1957         | 340                   | 0         | 23       | 39        | 45         | 446        |
| 1958         | 287                   | 0         | 19       | 33        | 49         | 388        |
| 1959         | 357                   | 0         | 24       | 41        | 52         | 473        |
| 1960         | 440                   | 0         | 29       | 50        | 56         | 575        |
| 1961         | 575                   | 0         | 39       | 65        | 59         | 738        |
| 1962         | 350                   | 34        | 26       | 44        | 63         | 516        |
| 1963         | 371                   | 15        | 26       | 44        | 67         | 523        |
| 1964         | 631                   | -12       | 41       | 70        | 71         | 802        |
| 1965         | 529                   | -14       | 34       | 59        | 75         | 683        |
| 1966         | 431                   | -22       | 27       | 46        | 79         | 562        |
| 1967         | 528                   | -23       | 34       | 57        | 83         | 679        |
| 1968         | 504                   | -33       | 32       | 54        | 87         | 643        |
| 1969         | 448                   | 30        | 32       | 54        | 91         | 655        |
| 1970         | 488                   | -5        | 32       | 55        | 95         | 665        |
| 1971         | 360                   | 56        | 28       | 47        | 99         | 590        |
| 1972         | 401                   | 19        | 28       | 48        | 103        | 599        |
| 1973         | 1,924                 | 55        | 128      | 188       | 107        | 2,402      |
| 1974         | 1,038                 | 29        | 70       | 109       | 111        | 1,358      |
| 1975         | 639                   | -9        | 42       | 72        | 115        | 859        |
| 1976         | 612                   | 0         | 41       | 70        | 118        | 841        |
| 1977         | 612                   | 0         | 41       | 70        | 122        | 845        |
| 1978         | 499                   | 0         | 33       | 57        | 125        | 714        |
| 1979         | 517                   | 0         | 35       | 59        | 128        | 738        |
| 1980         | 589                   | 0         | 39       | 67        | 131        | 826        |
| 1981         | 427                   | 0         | 39       | 65        | 134        | 665        |
| 1982         | 541                   | 0         | 29       | 50        | 136        | 756        |
| 1983         | 533                   | 0         | 30       | 52        | 139        | 754        |
| 1984         | 709                   | 0         | 40       | 68        | 141        | 958        |
| 1985         | 998                   | 0         | 48       | 111       | 144        | 1,302      |
| 1986         | 932                   | 0         | 54       | 122       | 147        | 1,255      |
| 1987         | 982                   | 0         | 53       | 146       | 150        | 1,332      |
| 1988         | 836                   | 0         | 54       | 140       | 152        | 1,182      |
| 1989         | 1,241                 | 0         | 84       | 232       | 156        | 1,713      |
| 1990         | 1,274                 | 1         | 88       | 264       | 159        | 1,786      |
| 1991         | 920                   | 0         | 67       | 207       | 172        | 1,366      |
| 1992         | 981                   | 0         | 68       | 241       | 185        | 1,475      |
| 1993         | 966                   | -1        | 70       | 255       | 199        | 1,489      |
| 1994         | 714                   | 0         | 52       | 203       | 215        | 1,184      |
| 1995         | 628                   | 0         | 49       | 194       | 229        | 1,099      |
| 1996         | 764                   | 0         | 60       | 250       | 241        | 1,315      |
| 1997         | 664                   | 0         | 53       | 231       | 249        | 1,197      |
| 1998         | 611                   | 0         | 55<br>44 | 206       | 255        | 1,127      |
| 1999         | 398                   | 73        | 44       | 153       | 256        | 925        |
| 2000         | 476<br>254            | 113       | 52       | 183       | 280        | 1,105      |
| 2001         | 354                   | 108       | 41       | 138       | 293        | 933        |
| 2002         | 285                   | 97<br>105 | 37<br>30 | 110<br>87 | 296        | 825<br>725 |
| 2003         | 213<br>676            | 105       | 53       |           | 290<br>275 | 725        |
| 2004         | 676<br>512            | 2<br>3    | 53<br>45 | 174       | 275        | 1,180      |
| 2005<br>2006 | 336                   | 0         | 45<br>28 | 133<br>87 | 209<br>135 | 902<br>586 |
| 2006         | 336                   | 1         | 30       | 83        | 135        | 586<br>565 |
| 2007         | 31/                   | 1         | 30       | 0.3       | 133        | 505        |

**Appendix Table A6.** ICES landing statistics, adjustments to ICES landing statistics, unreported landings, discards, recreational catch, and reconstructed total for the category 'flatfish' for Sweden (t).

|                      | ICES       |                  |          |            |            |                |
|----------------------|------------|------------------|----------|------------|------------|----------------|
| Year                 | landing    | Adjust-          | Un-      | Dis-       | Re-        | Total          |
| . car                | statistics | ments            | reported | cards      | creational | · ocai         |
| 1950                 | 870        | 0                | 44       | 740        | 169        | 1,822          |
| 1951                 | 996        | 0                | 50       | 834        | 195        | 2,075          |
| 1952                 | 1,081      | 0                | 55       | 895        | 222        | 2,253          |
| 1953                 | 1,054      | 0                | 55       | 861        | 248        | 2,217          |
| 1954                 | 977        | 0                | 51       | 773        | 275        | 2,076          |
| 1955                 | 1,095      | 0                | 58       | 819        | 303        | 2,274          |
| 1956                 | 973        | Ő                | 52       | 752        | 331        | 2,108          |
| 1957                 | 951        | 0                | 51       | 748        | 359        | 2,110          |
| 1958                 | 847        | 0                | 46       | 652        | 388        | 1,933          |
| 1959                 | 878        | 0                | 48       | 689        | 416        |                |
|                      |            |                  |          |            |            | 2,031          |
| 1960                 | 1,194      | 0                | 67<br>65 | 878        | 444        | 2,582          |
| 1961                 | 1,149      | 0                | 65       | 878        | 473        | 2,565          |
| 1962                 | 1,095      | 0                | 62       | 811        | 502        | 2,470          |
| 1963                 | 1,026      | 0                | 59       | 773        | 532        | 2,389          |
| 1964                 | 1,147      | 0                | 67       | 851        | 564        | 2,629          |
| 1965                 | 1,140      | 0                | 67       | 842        | 597        | 2,646          |
| 1966                 | 1,113      | 0                | 66       | 870        | 630        | 2,679          |
| 1967                 | 1,077      | 0                | 64       | 824        | 661        | 2,627          |
| 1968                 | 1,047      | 0                | 63       | 808        | 693        | 2,611          |
| 1969                 | 953        | 0                | 58       | 743        | 727        | 2,481          |
| 1970                 | 464        | 274              | 45       | 584        | 763        | 2,130          |
| 1971                 | 415        | 269              | 43       | 558        | 794        | 2,078          |
| 1972                 | 412        | 230              | 40       | 524        | 824        | 2,030          |
| 1973                 | 724        | 0                | 46       | 592        | 855        | 2,217          |
| 1974                 | 653        | Ö                | 42       | 535        | 887        | 2,116          |
| 1975                 | 659        | 0                | 43       | 549        | 919        | 2,170          |
| 1976                 | 582        | 27               | 40       | 510        | 989        | 2,147          |
| 1977                 | 484        | 0                | 32       | 399        | 1,059      |                |
|                      |            |                  |          |            | 1,129      | 1,974          |
| 1978                 | 396        | 0                | 26       | 332        |            | 1,883          |
| 1979                 | 450        | 0                | 30       | 337        | 1,198      | 2,015          |
| 1980                 | 427        | 0                | 29       | 318        | 1,267      | 2,040          |
| 1981                 | 434        | 0                | 32       | 324        | 1,335      | 2,125          |
| 1982                 | 250        | 0                | 19       | 167        | 1,402      | 1,838          |
| 1983                 | 217        | 0                | 19       | 161        | 1,468      | 1,865          |
| 1984                 | 176        | 0                | 17       | 132        | 1,535      | 1,860          |
| 1985                 | 170        | 0                | 17       | 127        | 1,602      | 1,917          |
| 1986                 | 251        | 0                | 27       | 180        | 1,670      | 2,128          |
| 1987                 | 274        | 0                | 31       | 186        | 1,739      | 2,230          |
| 1988                 | 281        | 0                | 34       | 206        | 1,811      | 2,332          |
| 1989                 | 246        | 0                | 31       | 204        | 1,886      | 2,367          |
| 1990                 | 257        | -62              | 26       | 165        | 1,961      | 2,348          |
| 1991                 | 224        | 10               | 31       | 222        | 2,161      | 2,648          |
| 1992                 | 337        | 15               | 45       | 340        | 2,371      | 3,108          |
| 1993                 | 271        | 66               | 41       | 331        | 2,595      | 3,304          |
| 1994                 | 314        | 59               | 44       | 404        | 2,837      | 3,658          |
| 1995                 | 661        | -6               | 75       | 651        | 2,697      | 4,078          |
| 1996                 | 1,600      | -85              | 168      | 864        | 2,546      | 5,094          |
| 1997                 | 1,382      | -93              | 138      | 848        | 2,388      | 4,663          |
| 1998                 | 678        | 59               | 76       | 923        | 2,225      | 3,961          |
| 1999                 | 439        | - <del>4</del> 0 | 40       | 439        | 2,056      | 2,933          |
|                      |            |                  | 40<br>44 |            |            |                |
| 2000                 | 464        | 0                |          | 615        | 1,645      | 2,768          |
| 2001                 | 567        | 0                | 52       | 857        | 1,286      | 2,762          |
| 2002                 | 449        | 0                | 39       | 671        | 978        | 2,137          |
| 2003                 | 383        | 0                | 32       | 548        | 718        | 1,681          |
| 2004                 | 310        | 0                | 25       | 446        | 502        | 1,282          |
|                      | 445        | 0                | 31       | 1,383      | 465        | 2,294          |
| 2005                 | 415        |                  |          |            |            |                |
| 2005<br>2006<br>2007 | 301<br>370 | 0                | 21<br>25 | 392<br>419 | 401<br>401 | 1,116<br>1,215 |

**Appendix Table A7.** ICES landing statistics, adjustments to ICES landing statistics, unreported landings, discards, recreational catch, and reconstructed total for sea trout (*Salmo trutta*) for Sweden (t).

| Year         landing statistics         August ments         Vine reported         Cards         creational         Total           1950         70         0         4         6         134         213           1951         70         0         4         6         155         234           1952         62         0         25         3         5         197         265           1953         60         0         3         5         197         265           1954         68         0         4         6         218         295           1955         60         -0.25         3         5         240         308           1956         60         0         3         5         262         345           1958         49         0         3         4         307         363           1959         56         0         3         5         351         421           1960         61         0         3         5         351         421           1961         74         0         4         6         375         451           1962         0 <th>Sweden (t).</th> <th>7050</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>  | Sweden (t). | 7050 |         |          |       |            |       |
|---|-------------|------|---------|----------|-------|------------|-------|
| 1950   70   | Vanu        | ICES | Adjust- | Un-      | Dis-  | Re-        | Total |
| 1950  | Year        |      | ments   | reported | cards | creational | Total |
| 1951  | 1950        |      | 0       | 4        | 6     | 134        | 213   |
| 1952 62 -0.25 3 5 176 246 1953 60 0 3 5 197 265 1954 68 0 4 6 218 295 1955 60 -0.25 3 5 240 308 1956 60 0 3 5 262 330 1957 53 0 3 5 285 345 1958 49 0 3 4 307 363 1959 56 0 3 3 5 329 393 1960 61 0 3 5 35 329 393 1960 61 0 3 5 35 329 393 1960 61 0 3 5 35 329 393 1960 61 0 3 5 35 329 393 1960 61 0 4 6 6 375 459 1962 0 64 4 5 5 398 471 1963 0 555 3 5 421 484 1964 0 57 3 3 5 447 512 1965 0 62 4 5 473 544 1966 0 63 4 5 499 571 1968 0 83 5 7 549 644 1968 0 83 5 7 549 644 1969 0 81 5 7 576 669 1970 40 44 5 7 604 1991 37 29 4 6 629 705 1972 27 37 4 5 653 1973 89 0 6 8 677 779 1974 119 0 8 10 702 839 1975 105 4 7 9 728 844 1976 86 0 6 6 7 707 807 1978 52 0 3 4 694 778 1979 87 0 6 7 7 78 87 1978 52 0 3 4 694 778 1979 88 0 4 6 629 705 1979 88 0 6 6 7 707 807 1978 52 0 3 4 694 778 1978 52 0 3 4 694 778 1979 88 0 6 6 7 707 807 1978 52 0 3 4 694 778 1979 87 0 6 7 707 807 1978 52 0 3 4 694 778 1980 66 0 4 6 667 743 1981 5 0 667 743 1981 5 0 668 67 7779 1978 52 0 3 4 694 778 1980 66 0 4 6 667 743 1981 5 0 0 5 5 10 550 606 1980 66 0 4 6 667 743 1981 5 0 0 5 5 10 550 606 1983 37 0 5 6 10 584 655 1980 66 0 4 6 667 743 1981 5 0 0 5 9 601 601 1981 799 58 0 4 5 681 748 1980 66 0 4 6 667 743 1981 5 0 0 5 9 601 601 1981 74 11 0 1 25 514 630 1980 70 0 9 21 501 601 1991 79 1 10 25 514 630 1992 168 0 21 56 525 770 1993 1772 -1 21 60 534 786 1999 70 0 9 21 501 601 1991 79 1 10 25 514 630 1999 70 0 9 21 501 601 1991 79 1 10 25 514 630 1999 70 0 13 27 518 657 1990 70 0 9 21 501 601 1991 79 1 10 25 514 630 1999 70 1 14 43 542 713 1995 71 0 8 28 527 634 1999 72 -1 7 28 439 545 2000 63 -2.25 6 23 430 520 2001 38 4.75 4 16 414 477 2002 38 4.75 4 16 414 477 2002 38 4.75 4 16 414 477 2002 38 3.25 3 10 332 377 |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1953         60         0         3         5         197         265           1954         68         0         4         6         218         295           1955         60         -0.25         3         5         240         308           1956         60         0         3         5         262         330           1957         53         0         3         5         262         3345           1958         49         0         3         4         307         363           1959         56         0         3         5         329         393           1960         61         0         3         5         329         393           1960         61         0         3         5         351         421           1961         74         0         4         6         375         459         471           1962         0         64         4         5         398         471         1963         0         55         3         5         447         512         1964         0         57         3         5         447  |             |      |         |          | 5     |            |       |
| 1954         68         0         4         6         218         295           1955         60         -0.25         3         5         240         308           1956         60         0         3         5         262         330           1957         53         0         3         5         285         345           1958         49         0         3         4         307         363           1959         56         0         3         5         329         393           1960         61         0         3         5         329         393           1960         61         0         3         5         351         421           1961         74         0         4         6         375         459           1962         0         64         4         4         5         398         471           1963         0         55         3         5         421         484           1964         0         67         3         5         447         512           1966         0         63         4   |             |      |         |          | 5     |            |       |
| 1955         60         -0.25         3         5         240         308           1957         53         0         3         5         262         330           1957         53         0         3         5         285         345           1958         49         0         3         5         329         393           1960         61         0         3         5         329         393           1960         61         0         3         5         329         393           1962         0         64         4         5         398         471           1963         0         55         3         5         421         484           1964         0         57         3         5         447         512           1965         0         62         4         5         473         544         512           1966         0         63         4         5         499         571         544         1966         0         83         5         7         549         644         1964         1967         0         79         5  |             |      |         |          | 6     |            |       |
| 1956       60       0       3       5       262       330         1957       53       0       3       5       285       345         1958       49       0       3       4       307       363         1959       56       0       3       5       351       421         1960       61       0       3       5       351       421         1961       74       0       4       6       375       459         1962       0       64       4       5       398       471         1963       0       55       3       5       421       484         1964       0       67       3       5       447       512         1965       0       62       4       5       493       544         1966       0       63       4       5       499       571         1967       0       79       5       7       549       644         1968       0       81       5       7       576       664         1970       40       44       5       7       569       644  |             |      |         |          | 5     |            |       |
| 1957         53         0         3         5         285         345           1958         49         0         3         4         307         363           1959         56         0         3         5         329         393           1961         74         0         4         6         375         459           1962         0         64         4         5         398         471           1963         0         55         3         5         421         484           1964         0         57         3         5         447         512           1965         0         62         4         5         499         571           1966         0         63         4         5         499         571           1967         0         79         5         7         524         614           1968         0         83         5         7         576         669           1970         40         44         5         7         576         669           1971         37         29         4         6         62  |             |      |         | 2        | 5     |            |       |
| 1958  |             |      |         | 2        | 5     |            |       |
| 1959       56       0       3       5       329       393         1960       61       0       3       5       351       421         1961       74       0       4       6       375       459         1962       0       64       4       5       398       471         1963       0       55       3       5       421       484         1964       0       57       3       5       447       512         1966       0       63       4       5       473       544         1966       0       63       4       5       499       571         1967       0       79       5       7       524       614         1968       0       83       5       7       549       644         1969       0       81       5       7       576       669         1970       40       44       5       7       604       700         1971       37       29       4       6       629       705         1972       27       37       4       5       653       727 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>  |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1960       61       0       3       5       351       421         1961       74       0       4       6       375       459         1962       0       64       4       5       398       471         1963       0       55       3       5       421       484         1964       0       57       3       5       447       512         1965       0       62       4       5       479       574         1966       0       63       4       5       499       571         1967       0       79       5       7       524       614         1968       0       83       5       7       549       644         1969       0       81       5       7       549       644         1969       0       81       5       7       549       644         1969       0       81       5       7       549       644         1969       0       81       5       7       576       669         1970       40       44       5       653       727       705 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td></td> <td></td>  |             |      |         | 3        | 4     |            |       |
| 1961       74       0       4       6       375       459         1962       0       64       4       5       398       471         1963       0       55       3       5       447       512         1965       0       62       4       5       473       544         1966       0       63       4       5       499       571         1966       0       63       4       5       499       571         1966       0       63       4       5       499       571         1968       0       83       5       7       524       614         1969       0       81       5       7       576       669         1970       40       44       5       7       604       700         1971       37       29       4       6       629       705         1972       27       37       4       5       653       727         1973       89       0       6       8       677       779         1974       119       0       8       10       702       839<   |             |      |         | 3        | 5     |            |       |
| 1962         0         64         4         5         398         471           1963         0         55         3         5         421         484           1964         0         57         3         5         447         512           1965         0         62         4         5         499         571           1966         0         63         4         5         499         571           1967         0         79         5         7         524         614           1968         0         83         5         7         549         644           1969         0         81         5         7         576         669           1970         40         44         5         7         604         700           1971         37         29         4         6         629         705           1972         27         37         4         5         653         727           1973         89         0         6         8         677         779         1972         27         37         4         5         653 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>  |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1963  |             |      |         |          | 6     |            |       |
| 1964 0 57 3 5 447 512 1965 0 62 4 5 473 544 1966 0 63 4 5 473 544 1966 0 63 4 5 479 571 1967 0 79 5 7 524 614 1968 0 83 5 7 549 644 1969 0 81 5 7 576 669 1970 40 44 5 7 604 700 1971 37 29 4 6 629 705 1972 27 37 4 5 653 727 1973 89 0 6 8 677 779 1974 119 0 8 10 702 839 1975 105 -4 7 9 728 844 1976 86 0 6 7 718 817 1977 87 0 6 7 707 807 1978 52 0 3 4 6667 707 1979 58 0 4 5 681 748 1980 66 0 4 6 667 707 1981 5 0 0 1 6 667 707 1982 38 0 3 5 681 748 1981 5 0 0 1 6 667 743 1981 5 0 0 1 6 667 1982 38 0 3 5 635 681 1983 37 0 3 5 635 681 1983 37 0 3 5 635 681 1984 51 0 5 9 601 664 1985 55 0 6 10 584 655 1986 42 0 5 9 567 622 1987 42 0 5 10 550 666 1988 47 0 6 12 533 598 1989 99 0 13 27 518 657 1990 70 0 9 21 501 601 1991 79 1 10 25 514 630 1992 168 0 21 56 525 770 1993 172 -1 21 60 534 786 1994 115 0 14 43 542 713 1995 71 0 8 28 439 545 1996 110 1 12 45 509 678 1999 72 -1 7 28 439 545 2000 63 -2.25 6 23 430 522 2001 38 4.75 4 16 414 477 2002 38 -1.5 3 13 392 444 2003 28 3.25 3 11 364 408 2004 32 0.25 3 10 332 377   |             |      |         |          | 5     |            |       |
| 1965  |             |      |         | 3        | 5     |            |       |
| 1966  |             |      |         |          | 5     |            |       |
| 1967         0         79         5         7         524         614           1968         0         83         5         7         549         644           1969         0         81         5         7         576         669           1970         40         44         5         7         604         700           1971         37         29         4         6         629         705           1972         27         37         4         5         653         727           1973         89         0         6         8         677         779           1974         119         0         8         10         702         839           1975         105         -4         7         9         728         844           1976         86         0         6         7         718         817           1977         87         0         6         7         707         807           1978         52         0         3         4         694         754           1979         58         0         4         5         <  |             |      |         |          | 5     |            |       |
| 1968         0         83         5         7         549         644           1969         0         81         5         7         576         669           1970         40         44         5         7         604         700           1971         37         29         4         6         629         705           1972         27         37         4         5         653         727           1973         89         0         6         8         677         779           1974         119         0         8         10         702         839           1975         105         -4         7         9         728         844           1976         86         0         6         7         707         807           1978         52         0         3         4         694         754           1979         58         0         4         5         681         748           1980         66         0         4         5         681         748           1980         66         0         4         4         <  |             |      |         |          | 5     |            |       |
| 1969       0       81       5       7       576       669         1970       40       44       5       7       604       700         1971       37       29       4       6       629       705         1972       27       37       4       5       653       727         1973       89       0       6       8       677       779         1974       119       0       8       10       702       839         1975       105       -4       7       9       728       844         1976       86       0       6       7       718       817         1977       87       0       6       7       718       817         1978       52       0       3       4       694       754         1979       58       0       4       5       681       748         1980       66       0       4       6       667       743         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681   | 1967        | 0    | 79      | 5        |       | 524        | 614   |
| 1970       40       44       5       7       604       700         1971       37       29       4       6       629       705         1972       27       37       4       5       653       727         1973       89       0       6       8       677       779         1974       119       0       8       10       702       839         1975       105       -4       7       9       728       844         1976       86       0       6       7       718       817         1977       87       0       6       7       707       807         1978       52       0       3       4       694       754         1979       58       0       4       5       681       748         1980       66       0       4       5       661       743         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657<   | 1968        | 0    | 83      | 5        |       | 549        | 644   |
| 1971       37       29       4       6       629       705         1972       27       37       4       5       653       727         1973       89       0       6       8       677       779         1974       119       0       8       10       702       839         1975       105       -4       7       9       728       844         1976       86       0       6       7       708       897         1977       87       0       6       7       707       807         1978       52       0       3       4       694       754         1979       58       0       4       5       681       1980       66       0       4       6       667       743         1980       66       0       4       6       667       743       1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681       1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0 <td>1969</td> <td>0</td> <td>81</td> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td>576</td> <td>669</td>  | 1969        | 0    | 81      | 5        |       | 576        | 669   |
| 1972       27       37       4       5       653       727         1973       89       0       6       8       677       779         1974       119       0       8       10       702       839         1975       105       -4       7       9       728       844         1976       86       0       6       7       718       817         1977       87       0       6       7       707       807         1978       52       0       3       4       694       754         1979       58       0       4       5       681       748         1980       66       0       4       6       667       743         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655<   | 1970        | 40   | 44      | 5        | 7     | 604        | 700   |
| 1973       89       0       6       8       677       779         1974       119       0       8       10       702       839         1975       105       -4       7       9       728       844         1976       86       0       6       7       718       817         1977       87       0       6       7       707       807         1978       52       0       3       4       694       754         1979       58       0       4       5       681       748         1980       66       0       4       6       667       743         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622 </td <td>1971</td> <td>37</td> <td>29</td> <td>4</td> <td>6</td> <td>629</td> <td>705</td>  | 1971        | 37   | 29      | 4        | 6     | 629        | 705   |
| 1973       89       0       6       8       677       779         1974       119       0       8       10       702       839         1975       105       -4       7       9       728       844         1976       86       0       6       7       718       817         1977       87       0       6       7       707       807         1978       52       0       3       4       694       754         1979       58       0       4       5       681       748         1980       66       0       4       6       667       743         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622 </td <td>1972</td> <td>27</td> <td>37</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> <td>653</td> <td>727</td>  | 1972        | 27   | 37      | 4        | 5     | 653        | 727   |
| 1974       119       0       8       10       702       839         1975       105       -4       7       9       728       844         1976       86       0       6       7       718       817         1977       87       0       6       7       707       807         1978       52       0       3       4       694       754         1979       58       0       4       5       681       748         1980       66       0       4       6       667       743         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606<   | 1973        |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1975       105       -4       7       9       728       844         1976       86       0       6       7       718       817         1977       87       0       6       7       707       807         1978       52       0       3       4       694       754         1979       58       0       4       5       681       748         1980       66       0       4       6       667       743         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598 </td <td>1974</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>  | 1974        |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1976       86       0       6       7       718       817         1977       87       0       6       7       707       807         1978       52       0       3       4       694       754         1979       58       0       4       5       681       748         1980       66       0       4       6       667       743         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       635       681         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>  |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1977       87       0       6       7       707       807         1978       52       0       3       4       694       754         1979       58       0       4       5       681       748         1980       66       0       4       6       667       743         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>  |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1978       52       0       3       4       694       754         1979       58       0       4       5       681       748         1980       66       0       4       6       667       743         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657         1990       70       0       9       21       501       601         1991       79       1       10       25       514       63   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1979       58       0       4       5       681       748         1980       66       0       4       6       667       743         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657         1990       70       0       9       21       501       601         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1992       168       0       21       56       525 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>   |             |      |         | 3        |       |            |       |
| 1980       66       0       4       6       667       743         1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657         1990       70       0       9       21       501       601         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1992       168       0       21       56       525       770         1993       172       -1       21       60       534   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1981       5       0       0       1       651       657         1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657         1990       70       0       9       21       501       601         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1992       168       0       21       56       525       770         1993       172       -1       21       60       534   |             |      |         |          | 6     |            |       |
| 1982       38       0       3       5       635       681         1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657         1990       70       0       9       21       501       601         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1992       168       0       21       56       525       770         1993       172       -1       21       60       534       786         1994       115       0       14       43       542   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1983       37       0       3       5       618       664         1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657         1990       70       0       9       21       501       601         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1992       168       0       21       56       525       770         1993       172       -1       21       60       534       786         1994       115       0       14       43       542       713         1995       71       0       8       28       527 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>  |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1984       51       0       5       9       601       665         1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657         1990       70       0       9       21       501       601         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1992       168       0       21       56       525       770         1993       172       -1       21       60       534       786         1994       115       0       14       43       542       713         1995       71       0       8       28       527       634         1996       110       1       12       45       509       678         1997       96       -1       10       41       488  |             |      |         | 3        |       |            |       |
| 1985       55       0       6       10       584       655         1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657         1990       70       0       9       21       501       601         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1992       168       0       21       56       525       770         1993       172       -1       21       60       534       786         1994       115       0       14       43       542       713         1995       71       0       8       28       527       634         1996       110       1       12       45       509       678         1997       96       -1       10       41       488       634         1998       111       -5.25       11       44   |             |      |         | 5        |       |            |       |
| 1986       42       0       5       9       567       622         1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657         1990       70       0       9       21       501       601         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1992       168       0       21       56       525       770         1993       172       -1       21       60       534       786         1994       115       0       14       43       542       713         1995       71       0       8       28       527       634         1996       110       1       12       45       509       678         1997       96       -1       10       41       488       634         1998       111       -5.25       11       44       464       625         1999       72       -1       7       28  |             |      |         | 5        |       |            |       |
| 1987       42       0       5       10       550       606         1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657         1990       70       0       9       21       501       601         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1992       168       0       21       56       525       770         1993       172       -1       21       60       534       786         1994       115       0       14       43       542       713         1995       71       0       8       28       527       634         1996       110       1       12       45       509       678         1997       96       -1       10       41       488       634         1998       111       -5.25       11       44       464       625         1999       72       -1       7       28       439       545         2000       63       -2.25       6       23   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1988       47       0       6       12       533       598         1989       99       0       13       27       518       657         1990       70       0       9       21       501       601         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1992       168       0       21       56       525       770         1993       172       -1       21       60       534       786         1994       115       0       14       43       542       713         1995       71       0       8       28       527       634         1996       110       1       12       45       509       678         1997       96       -1       10       41       488       634         1998       111       -5.25       11       44       464       625         1999       72       -1       7       28       439       545         2000       63       -2.25       6       23       430       520         201       38       4.75       4       16 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>  |             |      |         | 5        |       |            |       |
| 1989       99       0       13       27       518       657         1990       70       0       9       21       501       601         1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1992       168       0       21       56       525       770         1993       172       -1       21       60       534       786         1994       115       0       14       43       542       713         1995       71       0       8       28       527       634         1996       110       1       12       45       509       678         1997       96       -1       10       41       488       634         1998       111       -5.25       11       44       464       625         1999       72       -1       7       28       439       545         2000       63       -2.25       6       23       430       520         2001       38       4.75       4       16       414       477         2002       38       -1.5       3       13   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1990     70     0     9     21     501     601       1991     79     1     10     25     514     630       1992     168     0     21     56     525     770       1993     172     -1     21     60     534     786       1994     115     0     14     43     542     713       1995     71     0     8     28     527     634       1996     110     1     12     45     509     678       1997     96     -1     10     41     488     634       1998     111     -5.25     11     44     464     625       1999     72     -1     7     28     439     545       2000     63     -2.25     6     23     430     520       2001     38     4.75     4     16     414     477       2002     38     -1.5     3     13     392     444       2003     28     3.25     3     11     364     408       2004     32     0.25     3     10     332     377   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1991       79       1       10       25       514       630         1992       168       0       21       56       525       770         1993       172       -1       21       60       534       786         1994       115       0       14       43       542       713         1995       71       0       8       28       527       634         1996       110       1       12       45       509       678         1997       96       -1       10       41       488       634         1998       111       -5.25       11       44       464       625         1999       72       -1       7       28       439       545         2000       63       -2.25       6       23       430       520         2001       38       4.75       4       16       414       477         2002       38       -1.5       3       13       392       444         2003       28       3.25       3       11       364       408         2004       32       0.25       3       <   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1992     168     0     21     56     525     770       1993     172     -1     21     60     534     786       1994     115     0     14     43     542     713       1995     71     0     8     28     527     634       1996     110     1     12     45     509     678       1997     96     -1     10     41     488     634       1998     111     -5.25     11     44     464     625       1999     72     -1     7     28     439     545       2000     63     -2.25     6     23     430     520       2001     38     4.75     4     16     414     477       2002     38     -1.5     3     13     392     444       2003     28     3.25     3     11     364     408       2004     32     0.25     3     10     332     377  |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1993     172     -1     21     60     534     786       1994     115     0     14     43     542     713       1995     71     0     8     28     527     634       1996     110     1     12     45     509     678       1997     96     -1     10     41     488     634       1998     111     -5.25     11     44     464     625       1999     72     -1     7     28     439     545       2000     63     -2.25     6     23     430     520       2001     38     4.75     4     16     414     477       2002     38     -1.5     3     13     392     444       2003     28     3.25     3     11     364     408       2004     32     0.25     3     10     332     377   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1994     115     0     14     43     542     713       1995     71     0     8     28     527     634       1996     110     1     12     45     509     678       1997     96     -1     10     41     488     634       1998     111     -5.25     11     44     464     625       1999     72     -1     7     28     439     545       2000     63     -2.25     6     23     430     520       2001     38     4.75     4     16     414     477       2002     38     -1.5     3     13     392     444       2003     28     3.25     3     11     364     408       2004     32     0.25     3     10     332     377   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1995     71     0     8     28     527     634       1996     110     1     12     45     509     678       1997     96     -1     10     41     488     634       1998     111     -5.25     11     44     464     625       1999     72     -1     7     28     439     545       2000     63     -2.25     6     23     430     520       2001     38     4.75     4     16     414     477       2002     38     -1.5     3     13     392     444       2003     28     3.25     3     11     364     408       2004     32     0.25     3     10     332     377  |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1996     110     1     12     45     509     678       1997     96     -1     10     41     488     634       1998     111     -5.25     11     44     464     625       1999     72     -1     7     28     439     545       2000     63     -2.25     6     23     430     520       2001     38     4.75     4     16     414     477       2002     38     -1.5     3     13     392     444       2003     28     3.25     3     11     364     408       2004     32     0.25     3     10     332     377   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1997     96     -1     10     41     488     634       1998     111     -5.25     11     44     464     625       1999     72     -1     7     28     439     545       2000     63     -2.25     6     23     430     520       2001     38     4.75     4     16     414     477       2002     38     -1.5     3     13     392     444       2003     28     3.25     3     11     364     408       2004     32     0.25     3     10     332     377  |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1998     111     -5.25     11     44     464     625       1999     72     -1     7     28     439     545       2000     63     -2.25     6     23     430     520       2001     38     4.75     4     16     414     477       2002     38     -1.5     3     13     392     444       2003     28     3.25     3     11     364     408       2004     32     0.25     3     10     332     377   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 1999     72     -1     7     28     439     545       2000     63     -2.25     6     23     430     520       2001     38     4.75     4     16     414     477       2002     38     -1.5     3     13     392     444       2003     28     3.25     3     11     364     408       2004     32     0.25     3     10     332     377  |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 2000     63     -2.25     6     23     430     520       2001     38     4.75     4     16     414     477       2002     38     -1.5     3     13     392     444       2003     28     3.25     3     11     364     408       2004     32     0.25     3     10     332     377  |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 2001     38     4.75     4     16     414     477       2002     38     -1.5     3     13     392     444       2003     28     3.25     3     11     364     408       2004     32     0.25     3     10     332     377   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 2002     38     -1.5     3     13     392     444       2003     28     3.25     3     11     364     408       2004     32     0.25     3     10     332     377   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 2003 28 3.25 3 11 364 408<br>2004 32 0.25 3 10 332 377  |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 2004 32 0.25 3 10 332 377   |             |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 2004 32 0.25 3 10 332 377<br>2005 29 1 2 10 289 331   | 2003        |      |         |          |       |            |       |
| 2005 29 1 2 10 289 331  |             |      |         | 3        |       |            |       |
|   | 2005        | 29   | 1       | 2        | 10    | 289        | 331   |
| 2006 28 -1 2 9 231 269  | 2006        | 28   | -1      | 2        | 9     | 231        | 269   |
| 2007 23 1 2 8 231 264   | 2007        | 23   | 1       | 2        | 8     | 231        | 264   |

**Appendix Table A8.** ICES landing statistics, adjustments to ICES landing statistics, unreported landings, discards, recreational catch, and reconstructed total for eel (*Anguilla anguilla*) for Sweden (t).

| ungunu) 10   | ICES       |         |          |          |            |              |
|--------------|------------|---------|----------|----------|------------|--------------|
| Year         | landing    | Adjust- | Un-      | Dis-     | Re-        | Total        |
|              | statistics | ments   | reported | cards    | creational |              |
| 1950         | 2,020      | 0       | 101      | 171      | 92         | 2,384        |
| 1951         | 1,717      | 0       | 89       | 146      | 106        | 2,057        |
| 1952         | 1,418      | 0       | 76       | 121      | 121        | 1,735        |
| 1953         | 2,025      | 0       | 111      | 172      | 135        | 2,444        |
| 1954         | 1,966      | 0       | 111      | 168      | 150        | 2,395        |
| 1955         | 2,379      | 0       | 138      | 203      | 165        | 2,886        |
| 1956         | 1,421      | 0       | 85       | 122      | 180        | 1,808        |
| 1957         | 2,014      | 0       | 124      | 172      | 196        | 2,506        |
| 1958         | 1,580      | 0       | 100      | 136      | 211        | 2,026        |
| 1959         | 2,635      | 0       | 170      | 226      | 226        | 3,258        |
| 1960         | 1,481      | 0       | 98       | 127      | 241        | 1,948        |
| 1961         | 1,766      | 0       | 120      | 152      | 257        | 2,295        |
| 1962         | 1,560      | 0       | 109      | 135      | 273        | 2,076        |
| 1963         | 1,599      | 0       | 114      | 138      | 289        | 2,140        |
| 1964         | 1,632      | 0       | 119      | 141      | 307        | 2,199        |
| 1965         | 1,454      | 0       | 108      | 126      | 325        | 2,013        |
| 1966         | 1,520      | 0       | 116      | 132      | 343        | 2,111        |
| 1967         | 1,328      | 0       | 103      | 115      | 360        | 1,907        |
| 1968         | 1,508      | 0       | 120      | 131      | 377        | 2,136        |
| 1969         | 1,338      | 0       | 108      | 117      | 396        | 1,959        |
| 1970         | 916        | 0       | 76       | 80       | 415        | 1,487        |
| 1971         | 1,054      | 0       | 89       | 92       | 432        | 1,667        |
| 1972         | 951        | 0       | 82       | 83       | 448        | 1,564        |
| 1973         | 896        | 0       | 78       | 79       | 465        | 1,518        |
| 1974         | 716        | 0       | 64       | 63       | 482        | 1,325        |
| 1975         | 1,131      | 0       | 103      | 100      | 500        | 1,833        |
| 1976         | 646        | 0       | 60       | 57       | 491        | 1,254        |
| 1977         | 686        | 0       | 65<br>73 | 61       | 481        | 1,292        |
| 1978         | 761<br>670 | 0       | 73<br>65 | 67       | 469        | 1,370        |
| 1979         | 670<br>809 | 0<br>0  | 65<br>80 | 59       | 457<br>445 | 1,252        |
| 1980         | 396        | 0       | 41       | 72<br>36 | 445        | 1,406<br>903 |
| 1981<br>1982 | 592        | 0       | 63       | 54       | 431<br>417 | 1,126        |
| 1983         | 477        | 0       | 53       | 44       | 403        | 977          |
| 1984         | 695        | 0       | 79       | 65       | 389        | 1,228        |
| 1985         | 835        | 0       | 99       | 79       | 374        | 1,386        |
| 1986         | 596        | 0       | 73       | 57       | 360        | 1,085        |
| 1987         | 453        | 0       | 57       | 44       | 346        | 900          |
| 1988         | 525        | 0       | 68       | 51       | 331        | 975          |
| 1989         | 579        | Ő       | 77       | 57       | 318        | 1,031        |
| 1990         | 571        | 0       | 78       | 57       | 304        | 1,010        |
| 1991         | 668        | 0       | 94       | 67       | 307        | 1,137        |
| 1992         | 696        | 0       | 101      | 71       | 308        | 1,176        |
| 1993         | 577        | 0       | 86       | 60       | 308        | 1,030        |
| 1994         | 497        | 0       | 76       | 52       | 307        | 932          |
| 1995         | 418        | 0       | 65       | 44       | 301        | 828          |
| 1996         | 539        | 0       | 86       | 58       | 293        | 976          |
| 1997         | 418        | 0       | 68       | 45       | 284        | 816          |
| 1998         | 245        | 0       | 41       | 28       | 273        | 587          |
| 1999         | 334        | 0       | 57       | 42       | 260        | 693          |
| 2000         | 275        | 0       | 48       | 37       | 241        | 601          |
| 2001         | 261        | 0       | 47       | 37       | 222        | 567          |
| 2002         | 298        | 0       | 55       | 45       | 201        | 599          |
| 2003         | 281        | 0       | 52       | 45       | 180        | 559          |
| 2004         | 243        | 0       | 46       | 41       | 159        | 489          |
| 2005         | 342        | 0       | 66       | 58       | 204        | 670          |
| 2006         | 365        | 0       | 72       | 62       | 233        | 732          |
| 2007         | 416        | 0       | 62       | 68       | 233        | 779          |

**Appendix Table A9.** ICES landing statistics, adjustments to ICES landing statistics, unreported landings, discards, recreational catch, and reconstructed total for whitefishes (*Coregonus lavaretus*) for Sweden (t).

|              | ICES                  |                  |                 | D.:           |                   |                |
|--------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Year         | landing<br>statistics | Adjust-<br>ments | Un-<br>reported | Dis-<br>cards | Re-<br>creational | Total          |
| 1950         | 0                     | 691              | 35              | 59            | 296               | 1,080          |
| 1951         | 0                     | 857              | 43              | 73            | 342               | 1,315          |
| 1952         | 0                     | 697              | 36              | 59            | 388               | 1,180          |
| 1953         | 0                     | 768              | 40              | 65            | 435               | 1,308          |
| 1954         | 0                     | 669              | 35              | 57            | 482               | 1,243          |
| 1955         | 0                     | 635              | 34              | 54            | 530               | 1,253          |
| 1956         | 0                     | 586              | 31              | 50            | 579               | 1,246          |
| 1957         | 0                     | 678              | 37              | 58            | 629               | 1,401          |
| 1958         | 0                     | 667              | 36              | 57            | 678               | 1,438          |
| 1959         | 0                     | 657              | 36              | 56            | 728               | 1,477          |
| 1960         | 0                     | 672              | 38              | 57            | 776               | 1,543          |
| 1961         | 0                     | 659              | 37              | 56            | 827               | 1,579          |
| 1962         | 0                     | 591              | 34              | 50            | 878               | 1,553          |
| 1963         | 0                     | 564              | 32              | 48            | 931               | 1,576          |
| 1964         | 0                     | 488              | 28              | 42            | 986               | 1,544          |
| 1965         | 0                     | 427              | 25              | 36            | 1,044             | 1,533          |
| 1966         | 0                     | 417              | 25              | 36            | 1,102             | 1,579          |
| 1967         | 0                     | 389              | 23              | 33            | 1,157             | 1,603          |
| 1968         | 0                     | 373              | 23              | 32            | 1,212             | 1,639          |
| 1969         | 0                     | 414              | 25              | 35            | 1,272             | 1,747          |
| 1970         | 234                   | 0                | 14              | 20            | 1,334             | 1,602          |
| 1971         | 211                   | 0                | 13              | 18            | 1,390             | 1,632          |
| 1972         | 267                   | 0                | 17              | 23            | 1,442             | 1,749          |
| 1973         | 0                     | 0                | 0               | 0             | 1,495             | 1,495          |
| 1974         | 366                   | 0                | 23              | 31            | 1,551             | 1,972          |
| 1975         | 552                   | 0                | 36              | 47            | 1,608             | 2,243          |
| 1976         | 502                   | 0                | 33              | 43            | 1,583             | 2,161          |
| 1977         | 301                   | 0                | 20              | 26            | 1,556             | 1,903          |
| 1978         | 402                   | 0                | 27              | 35            | 1,525             | 1,988          |
| 1979         | 418                   | 0                | 28              | 36            | 1,492             | 1,974          |
| 1980         | 508                   | 0                | 34              | 44            | 1,458             | 2,044          |
| 1981         | 315                   | 0                | 23              | 35            | 1,420             | 1,794          |
| 1982         | 375                   | 0                | 30              | 52<br>53      | 1,380             | 1,837          |
| 1983         | 323                   | 0                | 28              | 53            | 1,340             | 1,744          |
| 1984<br>1985 | 338<br>316            | 0<br>0           | 32<br>32        | 65<br>69      | 1,299<br>1,259    | 1,733<br>1,676 |
| 1986         | 367                   | 0                | 40              | 90            | 1,218             | 1,715          |
| 1987         | 433                   | 0                | 50              | 118           | 1,177             | 1,778          |
| 1988         | 440                   | 0                | 53              | 132           | 1,177             | 1,763          |
| 1989         | 466                   | 0                | 60              | 153           | 1,099             | 1,778          |
| 1990         | 367                   | 0                | 49              | 131           | 1,060             | 1,608          |
| 1991         | 335                   | 0                | 44              | 128           | 1,082             | 1,589          |
| 1992         | 307                   | 0                | 39              | 125           | 1,099             | 1,570          |
| 1993         | 354                   | 0                | 44              | 153           | 1,112             | 1,663          |
| 1994         | 571                   | Ö                | 68              | 261           | 1,122             | 2,022          |
| 1995         | 464                   | 0                | 53              | 224           | 1,020             | 1,761          |
| 1996         | 350                   | 0                | 39              | 177           | 918               | 1,484          |
| 1997         | 307                   | 0                | 33              | 163           | 819               | 1,322          |
| 1998         | 304                   | 0                | 31              | 155           | 723               | 1,214          |
| 1999         | 279                   | 0                | 28              | 137           | 630               | 1,073          |
| 2000         | 248                   | 0                | 24              | 117           | 626               | 1,014          |
| 2001         | 155                   | 0                | 14              | 70            | 610               | 848            |
| 2002         | 222                   | 0                | 19              | 96            | 583               | 920            |
| 2003         | 254                   | 0                | 21              | 104           | 546               | 926            |
| 2004         | 295                   | 0                | 23              | 115           | 501               | 935            |
| 2005         | 244                   | 0                | 18              | 95            | 462               | 819            |
| 2006         | 196                   | 0                | 14              | 76            | 397               | 683            |
| 2007         | 153                   | 0                | 10              | 59            | 397               | 619            |

## APPENDIX B

The results as presented here are the same data as presented in the report proper, but summarized by IUU components, i.e., in line with the other contributions in this volume. Presented are data by each unaccounted component followed by the total estimates for Sweden. The detailed data of reconstructed catch in comparison to official reported landings of species (defined here as the ICES landings statistics), are presented as time series data of each category in Appendix Tables A1-A9 and Appendix Tables B1).

Reported landings, per as **ICES** landings statistics, indicated that Sweden's total landings increased steadily from approx. 55,000 t in 1950 to a peak of 309,000 t in 1998, before declining rapidly in the early 2000s to 165,000 t

in 2007 (Figure B1).

**Table B1.** Reported landings (t) summed by decade for the major taxonomic entities of Swedish fisheries in the Baltic Sea, based on ICES landing statistics.

| Common              | Reported landings (t) |         |               |         |         |                    |  |  |  |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| name                | 1950s                 | 1960s   | <b>1970</b> s | 1980s   | 1990s   | 2000s <sup>a</sup> |  |  |  |
| Cod                 | 219,606               | 205,391 | 166,985       | 511,519 | 276,844 | 121,379            |  |  |  |
| Herring             | 314,762               | 327,928 | 523,937       | 662,947 | 849,261 | 486,156            |  |  |  |
| Sprat               | 1,498                 | 1,032   | 16,233        | 36,656  | 981,505 | 689,058            |  |  |  |
| Flatfishes          | 9,719                 | 10,941  | 5,239         | 2,726   | 6,164   | 3,257              |  |  |  |
| Salmons             | 6,148                 | 4,807   | 7,090         | 7,789   | 7,920   | 3,169              |  |  |  |
| Others <sup>b</sup> | 58,712                | 107,578 | 63,911        | 29,511  | 42,058  | 17,187             |  |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> the 2000s only include data from 2000-2007.

Decadal summaries suggest total landings during the 1950s of around 610,000 t, increasing to 658,000 t during the 1960s, 783,000 t in the 1970s, 1,251,000 t in the 1980s, and peaked during the 1990s with total landings of approximately 2,164,000 t (Table B1). Cod, herring, and sprat made up 94% of the ICES landings statistics from 1950-2007. Herring has always accounted for a large part of reported landings,

with around 37% during the 2000s, and up to 67% during the 1970s (Table B1). Cod contributed the most during the 'cod boom' in the 1980s with 41% of reported landings, and sprat made up 52% of landings after 2000. For the last eight years, 2000-2007,

**Table B2.** Adjustments (t) to reported landings (ICES landings statistics) summarized by decade, for the major taxonomic entities of Swedish fisheries in the Baltic Sea.

| Common              | Landings adjustments (t) |         |         |       |          |                    |  |  |
|---------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|-------|----------|--------------------|--|--|
| name                | 1950s                    | 1960s   | 1970s   | 1980s | 1990s    | 2000s <sup>a</sup> |  |  |
| Cod                 | 0                        | 29,036  | 16,829  | 0     | 0        | 0                  |  |  |
| Herring             | 0                        | 0       | 0       | 0     | -205,820 | -59,639            |  |  |
| Sprat               | 6,504                    | 17,814  | 14,427  | 2,273 | 98,995   | -26,858            |  |  |
| Flatfishes          | 0                        | 0       | 800     | 0     | -77      | 0                  |  |  |
| Salmons             | -2                       | -25     | 145     | -1    | 73       | 429                |  |  |
| Others <sup>b</sup> | -6,506                   | -17,814 | -14,321 | 0     | -6       | 6                  |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> the 2000s only include data from 2000-2007.

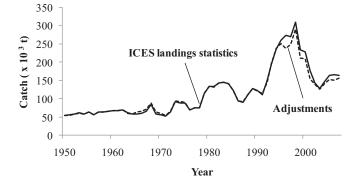
cod, herring, and sprat made up 98% of the reported landings (Table B1).

## Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated (IUU) catches

IUU is used in this study to refer to all data that are not part of the officially reported data, as represented by the ICES landings statistics, which are the only publicly available data source presenting all countries, taxa, areas and years. Hence 'adjustments' to ICES landings statistics, 'unreported' landings, 'discards', and 'recreational' catches are all treated as IUU.

## Adjustments to ICES landings statistics

Overall, ICES landings statistics were reduced by about -144,000 t from 1950-2007 (Table B2, see Methods for details). During the

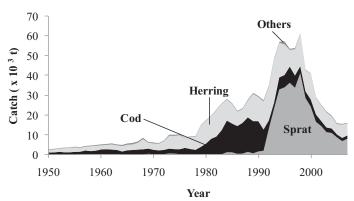


**Figure B1.** ICES landings statistics and adjustments to ICES landings for Sweden from 1950-2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Includes sea trout (Salmo trutta), eel (Anguilla anguilla), whitefishes (Coregonus lavaretus).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Includes sea trout (Salmo trutta), eel (Anguilla anguilla), whitefishes (Coregonus lavaretus).

1950s, most adjustments were mainly taxonomic re-allocation of landings tonnage from pooled 'miscellaneous' groups (other taxa) to individual taxa, resulting in virtually no net change in adjustment tonnage (Figure B1, Table B2). During the 1960s and the 1970s the net change in adjustments were approximately 29,000 t and 18,000 t, respectively, and about 98% of that was due to adjusted cod catches (Table B2). The adjustments were small during the 1980s and only accounted for just over 2,000 t for the decade, mainly due to sprat adjustments in 1987 (Table B2). The largest adjustments were done during the 1990s, and nearly all were due



**Figure B2**. Sweden's unreported landings by taxa for the Baltic Sea from 1950-2007.

to misreported herring and sprat catches (Table B2).

The herring catches were adjusted by about -206,000 t and the sprat catches were adjusted by around 99,000 t, resulting in reductions in landings (Figure B1). During the 2000s (2000-2007), the adjustments were about -86,000 t, and were largely due to misreported herring and sprat landings (Table B2).

## <u>Unreported landings</u>

Unreported landings were estimated and added to ICES landings statistics + adjustments to generate estimates of total commercial landings (in contrast to total catches). Sweden's unreported landings were very low in 1950 (3,800 t·year-1) and increased slowly to the end of the 1970s (Figure B2). They increased

rapidly more during the 1980s average, on 25,000 t∙year-1, and rose sharply in the early 1990s to a peak of 62,000 t in 1998 (Figure B2). Unreported landings fell rapidly in the early 2000s to 16,000 t by 2007. Decadal totals for

**Table B3.** Estimated unreported landings (t) summed by decade for the major taxonomic entities of Swedish fisheries in the Baltic Sea.

| Common              |        | Unreported landings (t) |        |         |         |                    |  |  |  |
|---------------------|--------|-------------------------|--------|---------|---------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| name                | 1950s  | 1960s                   | 1970s  | 1980s   | 1990s   | 2000s <sup>a</sup> |  |  |  |
| Cod                 | 14,460 | 23,408                  | 25,014 | 127,659 | 67,731  | 19,408             |  |  |  |
| Herring             | 19,373 | 28,579                  | 59,100 | 106,848 | 147,212 | 61,051             |  |  |  |
| Sprat               | 556    | 1,580                   | 3,357  | 6,830   | 246,231 | 101,357            |  |  |  |
| Flatfishes          | 511    | 637                     | 386    | 256     | 684     | 269                |  |  |  |
| Salmons             | 411    | 320                     | 478    | 471     | 605     | 317                |  |  |  |
| Others <sup>b</sup> | 2,864  | 5,531                   | 3,570  | 3,231   | 5,357   | 2,656              |  |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> the 2000s only include data from 2000-2007.

unreported landings by main taxonomic entities are presented in Table (B3). The total unreported landings were estimated at about 1.1 million t from 1950-2007, of which 97% was unreported landings of the three major commercial species cod, herring and sprat (Figure B2, Table B3). Cod and herring dominated unreported landings until the 1990s, after which unreported sprat landings dominated total unreported landings (Figure B2, Table

#### B3).

#### Discards

Discards were comprised of four components (see Methods for details) and were estimated and applied to total landings (i.e., ICES landings statistics + adjustments + unreported landings). The total estimated discards were about 0.5 million t for the entire period (Figure B3, Table B4). Discards were relatively low from the 1950s until the late 1970s,

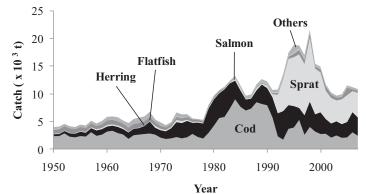


Figure B3. Sweden's discards by taxa 1950-2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Includes sea trout (Salmo trutta), eel (Anguilla anguilla), whitefishes (Coregonus lavaretus).

averaging 5,300 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (ranging from a total of 45,000 t per decade in the 1950s to 58,000 t per decade in the 1970s, Table B4), before increasing to around 11,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1980s (Figure B3). This increase was mainly driven by increased discarding of cod. While discarding of cod decreased in the early 1990s, discarding of sprat increased substantially in that period, leading to the all-time peak in estimated discards of 21,700 t in 1998 (Figure B3), before declining to the levels of the mid-late- 1980s of around 11,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> by 2007 (Figure B3, Table B4)

Prior to 1980, the average discards of cod were about 2,500 t·year<sup>-1</sup> and then increased to around 7,100 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1980s. During the 1990s, cod discards declined to an average of approximately 4,100 t·year<sup>-1</sup>, and 2,500 t·year<sup>-1</sup> from 2000-2007 (Figure B3).

Discards of herring during the 1950s were on average 650 t·year<sup>-1</sup> and increased steadily to around 3,800 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1990s, and thereafter declined to an average of 3,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> after 2000 (Figure B3).

During the first four decades of the time series, sprat discards were very small, but increased substantially after 1990 to an estimated 6,600 t·year<sup>-1</sup> between 1990-1999. Discards of sprat decreased after 2000 and were on average about 4,800 t·year<sup>-1</sup> for the last eight years (Figure B3).

**Table B4.** Estimates of decadal total discards (t) for the major taxonomic entities of Swedish fisheries in the Baltic Sea.

| Common              | Discards (t) |        |        |        |        |                    |  |  |
|---------------------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------|--|--|
| name                | 1950s        | 1960s  | 1970s  | 1980s  | 1990s  | 2000s <sup>a</sup> |  |  |
| Cod                 | 25,186       | 27,744 | 22,470 | 70,697 | 40,664 | 20,115             |  |  |
| Herring             | 6,515        | 12,136 | 24,466 | 34,711 | 37,508 | 23,705             |  |  |
| Sprat               | 428          | 1,021  | 1,701  | 2,288  | 66,337 | 38,178             |  |  |
| Flatfishes          | 7,763        | 8,276  | 4,918  | 2,004  | 5,184  | 5,332              |  |  |
| Salmons             | 698          | 543    | 773    | 1,053  | 2,205  | 994                |  |  |
| Others <sup>b</sup> | 4,344        | 7,516  | 3,870  | 2,630  | 5,242  | 2,278              |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> the 2000s only include data from 2000-2007.

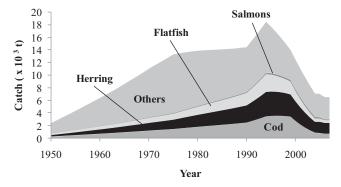
Flatfishes had the highest proportion of discards due to large by-catches in bottom trawling. The estimated discards were about 780 t·year-1 during the 1950s, and 830 t-year-1 during the 1960s. Discards of flatfishes apparently decreased to about 490 t-year-1 during the 1970s, and to the all time low of 200 t·vear-1 during the 1980s. After 1990 the discards were estimated to 520 t·vear<sup>-1</sup>. Prior

to 2000, flatfish discards were equal to about 80% of reported flatfish landings, and for the last years, 2000-2007, discards were 670 t·year-1, which was equal to about 160% of reported flatfish landings for the same period (Figure B3). Decadal total discards of salmon ranged between 500 t and 700 t prior to 1980 (Table B4). After 1980 the seal population increased and contributed to increased discards of salmon which were estimated to about 100 t·year-1. The discards of salmon peaked with an annual average of 220 t·year-1 during the 1990s, mainly due to the seal-based discards. After 2000, salmon discards decreased to an annual average of 120 t·year-1, much due to the development of the push-up trap that decreased seal-based discards (Table B4).

Discards of other species fluctuated, and were a minor component of total discards (Figure B3). These discards ranged between the peak of around 750 t·year-1 during the 1960s and the lowest annual average of 260 t·year-1 during the 1980s (Figure B3).

#### Recreational catches

The recreational catches increased rapidly and steadily from about 2,500 t in 1950 to about 13,300 t in 1975, after which they remained quite stable until the 1990s when the recreational catches peaked at 18,500 tin 1994 (Figure B4). Thereafter, they rapidly decreased and were estimated to around 6,300 t in 2007 (Figure B4). The species composition of the recreational catches differed from the commercial landings composition (where cod, herring, and sprat made up 94% of reported landings), and also showed some changes in



**Figure B4.** Sweden's recreational catches in the Baltic Sea, 1950-2007.

b Includes sea trout (Salmo trutta), eel (Anguilla anguilla), whitefishes (Coregonus

preferences over time (Figure B4). Overall 'other' species made up 57% of the total recreational catches between 1950-2007 (Figure B4, Table B5). The recreational catches of cod increased from about 460 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1950s to approximately 3,300 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1990s when recreational catches of cod peaked (Figure B4). No information was available on recreational fishing when the 'cod boom' occurred during the 1980s. Thus, the present recreational data may underestimate cod catches during that period. After 2000, the recreational catches decreased and were on average about 1,400 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the last eight years (Figure B4).

Compared to commercial landings, recreational catches of herring were never big, increasing from about 280 t in 1950 to the peak of around 3,900 t in 1994, and thereafter declined to around 1,800 t by 2007 (Figure B4). There were no recreational catches of sprat.

**Table B5.** Total recreational catch (t) of Sweden by decade for each of the taxonomic entities considered.

| Common name         | Decade              |        |        |               |        |                    |  |
|---------------------|---------------------|--------|--------|---------------|--------|--------------------|--|
| Common name         | 1950s               | 1960s  | 1970s  | <b>1980</b> s | 1990s  | 2000s <sup>a</sup> |  |
| Cod                 | 4,600               | 9,211  | 14,510 | 21,049        | 32,572 | 10,960             |  |
| Herring             | 4,838               | 9,692  | 15,362 | 23,085        | 35,414 | 17,611             |  |
| Flatfishes          | 2,906               | 5,823  | 9,417  | 15,715        | 23,837 | 6,396              |  |
| Salmons             | 363                 | 731    | 1,123  | 1,430         | 2,160  | 1,913              |  |
| Others <sup>b</sup> | 29, <del>4</del> 73 | 59,018 | 87,373 | 79,998        | 68,103 | 32,139             |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> the 2000s only include data from 2000-2007.

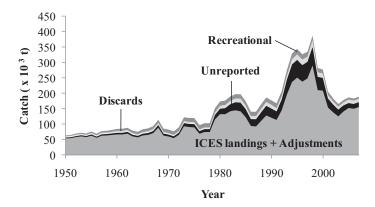
Recreational catches of flatfishes were a large component of total recreational catches, and were estimated to about 290 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1950s and 2,400 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1990s (Figure B4). Recreational flatfish catches declined substantially to approx. 400 t by 2007 (Figure B4).

During the 1950s the recreational catches of salmon were estimated to 400 t for the decade (Table B5). The recreational catch component, although small in total tonnage compared to the other taxa (Table B5), increased steadily and by the 1990s was around 220 t-year-1. During the last eight years (2000-2007), the recreational salmon catches were highest and estimated to about 240 t-year-1 (Figure B4).

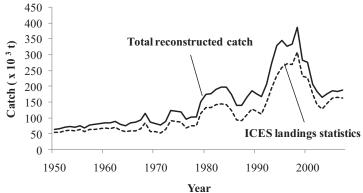
Species like European perch, northern pike, sea trout, and whitefish have recreational catches many times larger than reported commercial landings (Appendix Tables A7-A9, B1).

### Total reconstructed catch

The total reconstructed catches were just under 9 million t from 1950-2007 (Figure B5, Table B6), and total catches followed the general time-line trend of landings, increasing from on around 74,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> in the 1950s to a peak of about 284,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1990s. From 2003-2007 the total catches were approximately 182,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> (Figure B5). Besides landings, the next largest component of total catches was unreported landings, especially during the 1990s.



**Figure B5**. Sweden's total reconstructed catch by component from 1950-2007.



**Figure B6**. Total reconstructed catch and ICES landings statistics for Sweden from 1950-2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Includes sea trout (Salmo trutta), eel (Anguilla anguilla), whitefishes (Coregonus lavaretus).

Comparing the reconstructed estimates of total catches with the officially reported data, as presented by the ICES landings statistics, illustrated that the reported data underestimate likely total catches by about 31% over the entire 1950-2007 time period (Figure B6). The discrepancies ranged from just under 13,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1950s to about 68,000 t·year<sup>-1</sup> during the 1990s. For the most recent years, the officially reported data underestimated likely total catches by around 20% (Figure B6).

**Table B6.** Total catch (t) of Sweden in the Baltic Sea by decade for each of the taxonomic entities considered.

| Common               | Total catch (t) |         |         |         |           |                    |  |  |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|--------------------|--|--|
| name                 | 1950s           | 1960s   | 1970s   | 1980s   | 1990s     | 2000s <sup>a</sup> |  |  |
| Cod                  | 263,852         | 306,841 | 249,172 | 730,924 | 417,810   | 171,863            |  |  |
| Herring              | 345,488         | 378,336 | 622,865 | 827,591 | 863,575   | 528,884            |  |  |
| Sprat                | 8,986           | 21,447  | 35,718  | 48,047  | 1,393,068 | 801,735            |  |  |
| Flatfishes           | 20,899          | 25,677  | 20,761  | 20,700  | 35,760    | 15,254             |  |  |
| Salmons              | 7,619           | 6,376   | 9,609   | 10,742  | 12,963    | 6,822              |  |  |
| Others <sup>33</sup> | 88,888          | 161,829 | 144,403 | 115,371 | 120,784   | 54,265             |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> the 2000s only include data from 2000-2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Includes sea trout (Salmo trutta), eel (Anguilla anguilla), whitefishes (Coregonus lavaretus).

**Appendix Table B1.** ICES landing statistics, adjustments to ICES landing statistics, unreported landings, discards, recreational catch, and reconstructed total for the category 'others' for Sweden (t). Includes sea trout (*Salmo trutta*), eel (*Anguilla anguilla*), whitefishes (*Coregonus lavaretus*).

| idoureius). | ICES       |                  |                 |               |                   |                |
|-------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Year        | landing    | Adjust-<br>ments | Un-<br>reported | Dis-<br>cards | Re-<br>creational | Total          |
| 1050        | statistics |                  |                 |               |                   | 7.040          |
| 1950        | 4,849      | 0                | 242             | 407           | 1,714             | 7,213          |
| 1951        | 4,736      | 0                | 241             | 397           | 1,980             | 7,355          |
| 1952        | 3,929      | 0                | 204             | 331           | 2,249             | 6,712          |
| 1953        | 4,643      | 0                | 247             | 392           | 2,519             | 7,801          |
| 1954        | 4,602      | 0                | 250             | 384           | 2,792             | 8,027          |
| 1955        | 5,267      | 0                | 292             | 438           | 3,073             | 9,070          |
| 1956        | 6,155      | -1,072           | 282             | 420           | 3,355             | 9,139          |
| 1957        | 7,576      | -1,547           | 343             | 498           | 3,645             | 10,515         |
| 1958        | 7,060      | -1,491           | 321             | 455           | 3,931             | 10,275         |
| 1959        | 9,897      | -2,394           | 442             | 623           | 4,215             | 12,782         |
| 1960        | 11,138     | -3,581           | 440             | 631           | 4,497             | 13,125         |
| 1961        | 10,159     | -3,047           | 425             | 591           | 4,793             | 12,921         |
| 1962        | 12,025     | -3,277           | 521             | 735           | 5,089             | 15,093         |
| 1963        | 9,917      | -3,020           | 422             | 578           | 5,391             | 13,288         |
| 1964        | 9,403      | -5,020           | 574             | 793           | 5,715             |                |
|             |            |                  |                 |               |                   | 16,485         |
| 1965        | 10,519     | 0                | 644             | 887           | 6,050             | 18,100         |
| 1966        | 12,139     | 0                | 753             | 1,015         | 6,385             | 20,292         |
| 1967        | 10,569     | 0                | 662             | 888           | 6,704             | 18,823         |
| 1968        | 11,219     | 0                | 713             | 944           | 7,022             | 19,898         |
| 1969        | 10,489     | -4,889           | 378             | 454           | 7,372             | 13,804         |
| 1970        | 10,755     | -3,190           | 490             | 637           | 7,730             | 16,422         |
| 1971        | 7,122      | -2,538           | 313             | 382           | 8,053             | 13,332         |
| 1972        | 7,450      | -2,998           | 309             | 364           | 8,356             | 13,482         |
| 1973        | 7,662      | 0                | 507             | 659           | 8,662             | 17,490         |
| 1974        | 8,118      | 0                | 556             | 657           | 8,987             | 18,317         |
| 1975        | 9,020      | -2,620           | 474             | 484           | 9,316             | 16,674         |
| 1976        | 3,840      | -1,257           | 224             | 144           | 9,230             | 12,181         |
| 1977        | 3,321      | -1,718           | 146             | 98            | 9,135             | 10,981         |
| 1978        | 3,717      | 0                | 303             | 255           | 9,016             | 13,291         |
| 1979        | 2,907      | Ö                | 248             | 191           | 8,888             | 12,233         |
| 1980        | 3,328      | 0                | 289             | 219           | 8,751             | 12,586         |
| 1981        | 2,161      | 0                | 193             | 156           | 8,593             | 11,103         |
| 1982        | 2,806      | 0                | 268             | 214           | 8,428             | 11,716         |
| 1983        | 2,243      | 0                | 223             | 191           | 8,256             | 10,914         |
|             |            | 0                | 276             |               |                   |                |
| 1984        | 2,656      |                  |                 | 253           | 8,085             | 11,270         |
| 1985        | 3,096      | 0                | 343             | 290           | 7,912             | 11,641         |
| 1986        | 3,079      | 0                | 357             | 285           | 7,741             | 11,463         |
| 1987        | 2,857      | 0                | 345             | 289           | 7,571             | 11,062         |
| 1988        | 3,689      | 0                | 466             | 349           | 7,405             | 11,908         |
| 1989        | 3,595      | 0                | 471             | 385           | 7,256             | 11,708         |
| 1990        | 3,404      | 0                | 464             | 347           | 7,095             | 11,309         |
| 1991        | 4,122      | 1                | 563             | 423           | 7,353             | 12,462         |
| 1992        | 3,300      | 0                | 450             | 410           | 7,593             | 11,754         |
| 1993        | 2,950      | -1               | 405             | 396           | 7,820             | 11,570         |
| 1994        | 3,027      | 0                | 408             | 497           | 8,045             | 11,977         |
| 1995        | 13,309     | 0                | 1,573           | 1,401         | 7,371             | 23,653         |
| 1996        | 4,065      | 1                | 513             | 535           | 6,692             | 11,807         |
| 1997        | 4,689      | -1               | 564             | 583           | 6,024             | 11,858         |
| 1998        | 1,518      | -5               | 198             | 321           | 5,372             | 7,404          |
| 1999        | 1,675      | -1               | 218             | 327           | 4,738             | 6,957          |
| 2000        | 1,565      | -2               | 216             | 270           | 4,685             | 6,734          |
| 2001        | 1,498      | 5                | 220             | 213           | 4,547             | 6,483          |
| 2001        |            | -2               | 295             | 273           | 4,332             |                |
| 2002        | 1,971      | 3                | 398             | 306           |                   | 6,869<br>7.249 |
|             | 2,493      | 2                |                 |               | 4,048             | 7,249          |
| 2004        | 2,826      | 0                | 451<br>433      | 343           | 3,703             | 7,323          |
| 2005        | 2,628      | 1                | 432             | 319           | 3,744             | 7,124          |
| 2006        | 2,299      | -1               | 360             | 311           | 3,540             | 6,509          |
| 2007        | 1,906      | 1                | 284             | 243           | 3,540             | 5,974          |